CRC REEF RESEARCH CENTRE TECHNICAL REPORT NO. 41

Making a difference.

Achievements of the Coooperative Research Centre for the Ecologically Sustainable Development of the Great Barrier Reef. 1993-2000.

Compiled by Vicki J. Harriott

A report funded by the CRC Reef Research Centre.

The CRC Reef Research Centre was established and is supported under the Australian Government's Cooperative Research Centres Program. CRC Reef provides strategic information, education and training to enhance reef-based industry and management of the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area. Partner organisations are:

- Association of Marine Park Tourism Operators
- Australian Institute of Marine Science
- Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority
- Great Barrier Reef Research Foundation
- James Cook University
- Queensland Department of Primary Industry
- Queensland Seafood Industry Association
- Sunfish Queensland Inc.

CRC Reef Research Centre
PO Box 772
Townsville QLD 4810 Australia
Telephone: 07 4729 8400 Facsimile: 07 4729 8499
Email: info@crcreef.com Website: www.reef.crc.org.au

© CRC Reef Research Centre 2001

National Library of Australia Cataloguing-in-Publication entry

Making a difference: achievements of the Coooperative Research Centre for the Ecologically Sudstainable Development of the Great Barrier Reef, 1993-2000.

Bibliography. Includes index. ISBN 1876054239.

1.Cooperative Research Centre for Ecologically Sustainable Development of the Great Barrier Reef (Australia). 2. Cooperative Research Centre for the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area. 3. Reef ecology – Queensland – Great Barrier Reef – Research. 4. Sustainable development – Queensland – Great Barrier Reef – Research. 5. Great Barrier Reef (Qld) – Research. I. Harriott, V.J. (Vicki J.), 1955 - II. Cooperative Research Centre for the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area. (Series: CRC Reef Research technical report; no. 41).

577.78907

This publication should be cited as: Harriott, V.J. (ed). 2001. Making a difference. Achievements of the Cooperative Research Centre for the Ecologically Sustainable Development of the Great Barrier Reef. 1993-2000. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 41, Townsville.

This work is copyright. The Cop yright Act 1968 permits fair dealing for study, research, news, reporting, criticism or review. Selected passages, tables, diagrams may be reproduced for such purposes provided acknowledgement of the source is included. Major extracts of the entire document may not be reproduced by any process without written permission of the Chief Executive Officer, CRC Reef Research Centre.

While every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy and completeness of information presented in this report, CRC Reef Research Centre accepts no responsibility for losses, damage, costs and other consequences resulting directly or indirectly from its use.

In some cases the material may incorporate or summarise views, standards or recommendations of third parties. Such material is assembled in good faith, but does not necessarily reflect the considered views of CRC Reef, or indicate a commitment to a particular course of action.

Published by CRC Reef Research Centre

Further copies can be obtained from: CRC Reef Research Centre, PO Box 772, Townsville 4810, Queensland, Australia

Printed by James Cook University

FOREWORD

The CRC for the Ecologically Sustainable Development of the Great Barrier Reef (CRC Reef) was established in 1993 as an unincorporated group committed to promoting research in support of the ecologically sustainable development of the Great Barrier Reef. The CRC Program approved and supported the Centre's establishment and coral reef research entered a new phase on the Great Barrier Reef.

The concept for the Centre came from Graeme Kelleher (GBRMPA), Joe Baker (AIMS) and Ray Golding (JCU) who saw an opportunity for a 'northern' marine CRC. Much of the work to design, bid and establish the Centre was done by Don Kinsey, the CRC's Interim Director, with strong scientific support from Terry Done (AIMS), Helene Marsh (JCU) and Archie Johnson (JCU). From the outset, Kinsey ensured the Centre's programs were driven by the users of the research results. Chris Crossland became the Director soon after the Centre was established and led it successfully for five years, during which it established a solid scientific reputation.

With Sir Sydney Williams as the Chairman, and Don Kinsey, Chris Crossland and later, Simon Woodley, in leadership roles, the Centre produced a formidable volume of scientific information to support the sustainable use and conservation of the reef.

The partnership of industry, government and researchers has proved an effective way to focus research on users' priorities and increase adoption of the results once the research is completed.

Since 1999, the CRC Reef has been incorporated as the CRC Reef Research Centre and is continuing the work begun in 1993, building even stronger partnerships between science and the users of research results.

As Chairman of the CRC Reef Research Centre, I am pleased to endorse this summary of the results of the 'first' CRC Reef, which represents a major contribution to the world's knowledge of coral reef ecosystems, and to understanding how people can use coral reefs in a sustainable way, while protecting them for future generations.

Sir Sydney Schubert Chairman CRC Reef Research Centre

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Forev	vord	
Intro	ductionduction	
Ackn	owledgements	6
	Cooperative Research Centre for the Ecologically Sustainable Development of the er Reef	
Table	e 1. Project list	
Table	e 2. Research tasks 1993 – 2000	16
Signi	ficant achievements and publications	17
1.	Coral bleaching and Climate change	17
2.	Crown-of-thorns starfish	20
3.	Water quality and pollution	23
4.	Conserving biodiversity / Introduced species	33
5.	Sustainable fishing	38
6.	Sustainable tourism	4 4
7.	Oceanography, geomorphology and physical processes	52
8.	Biological processes / Monitoring	60
9.	Research for Marine Park management	72
10.	Others	75
Index	<i></i>	77

INTRODUCTION

The Cooperative Research Centre for the Ecologically Sustainable Development of the Great Barrier Reef operated from 1993 to 1999. Following a successful bid for refunding, the final year of projects for the first CRC Reef were completed during 2000 under the new CRC Reef program. Over the seven-year period, the Centre spent \$20 million on research over 110 research tasks. The Centre aimed to provide world-class research and education programs that were relevant to endusers, including industry and management agencies.

The present Cooperative Research Centre for the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area began in 1999 and is built on the strong foundations established by the first CRC Reef. It is timely to collate and assess the achievements of the first CRC Reef, at a time when returns from national investment in research and development are being examined more closely than ever before.

For this report, CRC Reef researchers were contacted for updated information about the outcomes from their CRC Reef work and for a list of resulting publications. About 80% of researchers provided information for this report. Publications for other researchers were derived from annual reports submitted throughout the period of research funding. Research achievements are presented by topic. There is a brief description of the major research findings and a list of publications resulting from the work.

This report includes a list of all research projects supported by CRC Reef between 1993 and 1999. It includes information about the investigator, their institution, and the duration of the research.

The report shows that CRC Reef has been outstandingly successful in doing research that is relevant to industry and management and, at the same time, producing many scientific publications. Research from postgraduate students has made a valuable contribution to CRC Reef achievements. The report also demonstrates the success of the integrated approach to applied research inherent in the strategies of the national Cooperative Research Centres Program.

I am sure this report will help improve access by industry and management agencies and researchers to the extensive work supported by CRC Reef.

Dr Vicki Harriott
Program Leader, Education and Communication
CRC Reef Research Centre
August 2001

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I thank the following people who have provided information about the achievements from their research, helped compile publication, funding or project lists, and assisted with editing: Lisa Arnell, Ray Berkelmans, Dawn Birch, Greg Brunskill, Chris Crossland, Terry Done, Kathy Burns, Michelle Devlin, Norman Duke, Katharina Fabricius, Leanne Fernandes, Miles Furnas, Louise Goggin, David Haynes, Graham Inglis, Piers Larcombe, Adam Lewis, Bruce Mapstone, Helene Marsh, Nadine Marshall, Paul Marshall, Laurence McCook, Kirsten Michalek-Wagner, Gianna Moscardo, Darren Oemcke, Russell Reichelt, Britte Schaffelke, Anne Tucker, Dave Williams and Peter Valentine.

THE COOPERATIVE RESEARCH CENTRE FOR THE ECOLOGICALLY SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT OF THE GREAT BARRIER REEF

The Cooperative Research Centre for the Ecologically Sustainable Development of the Great Barrier Reef (CRC Reef) was an unincorporated joint venture established in 1993 by an Agreement between the Centre Parties:

- The Association of Marine Park Tourism Operators (AMPTO);
- The Australian Institute of Marine Science (AIMS);
- The Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority (GBRMPA);
- James Cook University (JCU); and
- The State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries.

The Centre objectives were to undertake an integrated program of applied research and development, training and extension aimed at enhancing the viability of, and expanding sustainable Reef-based industries and economic activity. The Centre placed a particular emphasis on tourism and providing an improved scientific basis for reef management and regulatory decision-making.

The CRC Reef was established under the Commonwealth Government's Cooperative Research Centres Program. The program was launched in 1990 to bring together researchers and research users from universities, the public sector and business. Cooperative Research Centres undertake long-term collaborative research and development ventures of a substantial quality and size that contribute to national objectives. The objectives of the program are:

- to enhance the contribution of long-term scientific and technological research and innovation to Australia's sustainable economic and social development;
- to enhance the transfer of research outputs into commercial or other outcomes of economic, environmental or social benefit to Australia;
- to enhance the value to Australia of graduate researchers; and

 to enhance collaboration among researchers, between researchers and industry or other users, and to improve the efficiency in the use of intellectual and other research resources.

One of the best measures of the success of the Cooperative Research Centre for the Ecologically Sustainable Development of the Great Barrier Reef was that it was successful in gaining a second round of funding as the Cooperative Research Centre for the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area, despite fierce competition from other new and continuing Centres. The strength of the support of the Centre partners for the goals of the program was crucial to the successful funding bid.

In this document, the research projects supported by CRC Reef between 1993 and 2000 are compiled for the first time (Table 1). Research expenditure and number of projects are collated by broad topics such as water quality, coral bleaching, sustainable fishing, etc. (Table 2). A brief summary of the major findings are presented for each topic, followed by a bibliography of research publications which were outputs of CRC Reef research tasks. An index is provided to improve access to information on specific topics. This report is intended to provide a resource to users of research on coral reefs, to support the goal of the CRC Program to enhance the transfer of research outcomes.

 Table 1.
 PROJECT LIST, CHIEF INVESTIGATORS, INSTITUTIONS, YEAR FUNDING STARTED AND FINISHED

Task No.	Task Title	Chief Investigator	Start	Finish
Program 1				
1.1.1	Biological oceanography	Furnas (AIMS)	7/93	7/00
1.1.2	Long-term monitoring of the Great Barrier Reef	Sweatman (AIMS)	7/93	7/00
1.1.3	Cyclone hindcasting	Done (AIMS)	7/95	9/97
1.1.4	Long-term monitoring of sea temperature on the Great Barrier Reef	Berkelmans (GBRMPA)	10/95	7/00
1.2.1	Regional circulation modelling	Bode (JCU) / Burrage (AIMS)	1/94	7/97
1.2.2	Circulation and fish dispersal	Doherty (AIMS)	10/93	6/96
1.2.3	Guidelines for oceanographic research approaches and application	Wilkinson (AIMS)	7/94	8/95
1.3.1	Sediment accumulation / dynamics	Woolfe (JCU)	1/94	7/00
1.3.2	History of sediment accumulation	Brunskill (AIMS)	1/94	7/97
1.3.3	Biomarkers – corals and clams	Barnes (AIMS)	1/95	8/97
1.3.4	Response of fringing reefs along a gradient of riverine discharge: an examination of historic and contemporary processes	Blake (ANU)	1/94	12/95
1.3.5	Accumulation rates and depositional history of organochlorine pesticide residues in mangrove and coastal sediments.	Brunskill (AIMS)	8/95	6/99
1.3.6	Determining and distinguishing anthropogenic and natural mercury abundance	Walker (JCU)	7/95	6/97
1.3.7	Assessment of the spatial and temporal variability of terrestrial impacts on the Great Barrier Reef using coral fluorescent banding	Barnes (AIMS)	8/97	6/00
1.4.1	Coral reefs	Done (AIMS)	1/94	6/00
1.4.2	Seagrass beds	Coles (DPI)	1/94	6/00
1.4.3	Coral 'tumours'. Phase 1: evaluation	Kahn / Johnstone (Reef Biosearch)	5/94	11/94
1.4.4	Effects of experimentally enhanced nutrients on inshore seagress beds in the Great Barrier Reef region	Mellors (JCU)	7/94	12/97
1.4.5	Mangrove forests – oil effects	Duke (AIMS)	7/95	6/98

Гask No.	Task Title Chief Investigator		Start	Finish	
1.4.6	Baseline survey of seagrass resources, Dunk Island to Cape Cleveland (spring 1996)	Coles (DPI)	9/96	8/97	
.4.7	Growth responses of macroalgae to different forms of nutrients from natural or anthropogenic sources	Klumpp / Schaffelke (AIMS)	2/97	8/98	
.5.1	Science modelling	Done (AIMS)	7/94	7/00	
.5.1/2	Impact of river plume on the Central Great Barrier Reef	Wolanski (AIMS)	9/95	9/97	
.5.1/3	Modelling the effects of sediment on corals	Stafford-Smith (AIMS)	5/96	6/97	
.5.2	Spatial systems to support planning for ecologically sustainable use of the Great Barrier Reef at regional scales	Lewis (JCU / AIMS)	1997	2000	
.5.3	Book on science for management of the Great Barrier Reef beyond 2000	Done (AIMS)	1997	1999	
.6.1	Fine-scale surveys of crown-of-thorns starfish in the Cairns Section of the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park	Engelhardt (GBRMPA)	7/94	6/00	
.6.2	Development of environmentally friendly techniques for the conduct of local-scale controls of crown-of-thorns starfish	Engelhardt (GBRMPA)	7/94	12/95	
.6.3	Background and event-associated variations in concentration of Dissolved Free Amino Acids (DFAA) in the Cairns Section	Ayukai (AIMS)	8/94	12/95	
.6.4	Crown-of-thorns starfish: public information and extension program	Engelhardt (GBRMPA)	7/94	6/00	
.6.6	Dynamics of potentially incipient crown-of-thorns starfish outbreaks in the Northern Great Barrier Reef	Stump (GBRMPA)	2/95	6/96	
.6.7	Development of cost-effective local crown-of-thorns starfish control strategies	Fisk (GBRMPA)	9/95	8/96	
	Phase 2	Fisk (GBRMPA)	8/96	9/97	
.6.8	Genetic determination of sources of Acanthaster planci recruitment	Benzie (AIMS)	12/95	12/96	
.7.1	Irukandji research	Hore (Reef Biosearch)	12/97	6/98	

Task No. Task Title		Chief Investigator		Finish	
Program 2					
2.1.1	A review of environmental impact monitoring of pontoon installations	Mapstone (GBRMPA)	8/94	12/95	
2.1.2	Review of visitor use patterns	Valentine (JCU)	10/93	12/94	
2.1.3	An annotated bibliography of monitoring programs in the GBR Marine Park	Inglis / Yaman (JCU)	9/94	5/95	
2.1.4	Development of preliminary social impact assessment guidelines	Valentine (JCU)	10/93	7/94	
2.1.5/1	The effects of diving activities on reef benthos	Inglis / Rouphael (JCU)	2/94	3/97	
2.1.5/2	Effects of anchors on benthos	Inglis / Marshall (JCU)	1/95	12/99	
2.1.6	Spatial allocation of resource use	Marsh / Breen (JCU)	2/94	7/97	
2.1.6/2	Decision Support System for reef visitors	Marsh / Breen (JCU)	8/94	3/98	
2.1.7	Impact of pontoons on fish assemblages	Sweatman (JCU)	11/93	1/95	
2.1.8	Socially and ecologically acceptable levels of use	Shafer / Inglis (JCU)	11/93	6/97	
2.1.8/2	Socially and ecologically acceptable levels of use (phase 2)	Inglis (JCU)			
2.1.9	An evaluation of time-lapse video techniques to monitor site use in the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park	Abbott (JCU)	8/94	7/95	
2.1.10	The effects of natural and human disturbance on seabirds in the Swains Reefs	O'Neill (QDE)	4/94	6/96	
2.1.11	The feasibility of constructing coral-viewing platforms on underwater observatories by transplanting coral fragments	Inglis / White (JCU)	12/93	12/97	
2.1.12	Socio-economic implications of the Bramble Reef re-opening	Innes (GBRMPA)	3/95	12/97	
2.1.13 Investigation of mechanisms for allocation of reef sites and arrangements for commercial use in the GBRMP		Dinesen (GBRMPA)	10/95	6/96	
2.1.14	Reefwatch monitoring	Inglis (JCU)	1/96	2/97	
2.1.15	Local values and local usage of the Capricorn Section of the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park	Jennings (CQU)	7/96	12/96	
2.1.16	Towards integrating social, cultural and economic concerns into management of the Great Barrier Reef	Fernandes (JCU)	11/96	6/00	

Task No.	Task Title	Chief Investigator	Finish	
2.1.17	Socio-economic impacts	Young/ Fenton (JCU)		
2.2.1	Analysis of Great Barrier Reef visitors: their attitudes, motivations, socio-demographic profiles and activity preferences	Pearce (JCU)	1/94	6/98
2.2.2	Towards ecotourism: developing quality tourism in the special interest tourism sector	Birtles (JCU)	1/94	12/97
2.2.3	Evaluation and design of Great Barrier Reef interpretation	Pearce (JCU)	7/95	6/00
2.3.1	Restoration of coral habitats: pilot study	Kaly (JCU)	1/94	6/94
2.3.2	Restoration ecology Phase 2	Kaly / Pratt (JCU)	8/94	9/97
2.4.1	Evaluation of methods for effective sampling of reef fish populations	Brown (DPI)	1/94	6/94
2.4.2	Reproductive strategies of the common coral trout on the Northern GBR	Samoilys (DPI)	9/93	6/97
2.4.3	Monitoring the replenishment of coral trout populations in the Cairns Section of the Great Barrier Reef	Doherty (AIMS)	9/93	6/96
2.4.4	Size and sex structure of coral trout populations on coral reefs closed and open to fishing in the Central Great Barrier Reef	Russ (JCU)	9/93	12/94
2.4.5	Use of otolith weight-for-age determination of fish populations	McPherson (DPI)	1/94	6/94
2.4.6	Design of experimental investigations of the effects of line and spear fishing in the Great Barrier Reef	Mapstone (GBRMPA)	3/94	10/94
2.4.7	Review of the information needs from recreational fishing and boating activities and design of sampling strategies to collect appropriate data	Mapstone (GBRMPA)	2/94	11/94
2.4.8	Zoning changes on fish: handline	Brown (DPI)	3/94	6/96
2.4.9	Effects of fishing phase 2	Mapstone (JCU)	5/94	12/94
2.4.10	Effects of fishing liaison and coordination	Mapstone (JCU)	7/94	6/00
2.4.11	Effects of line and spear fishing on the Great Barrier Reef: part 1 – establishment	Mapstone (JCU)	8/94	12/98
2.4.12	Effects of fishing experiment: part 2 – implementation	Mapstone (JCU)	9/94	6/00
2.4.12/1	Fleet dynamics and determinants of fishing efforts and catch in the reef line fishery of the Great Barrier Reef region	Mapstone/Davies (JCU)	9/95	7/00

Task No.	Task Title	Chief Investigator	Start	Finish
2.4.12/2	The use of experimental stock manipulations to compare stock assessment techniques and examine the effects of line fishing on reef fish stocks in the Great Barrier Reef	Mapstone/ Davies (JCU)	6/94	7/00
2.4.12/3	Visual surveys of experimental reef clusters	Williams (AIMS)/ Ayling	8/95	7/00
2.4.12/4	Use of age-structure data to measure effects of fishing, growth, mortality and recruitment of target and some non-target species of reef fish	Russ (JCU)/ Brown (DPI)	9/95	7/00
2.4.12/5	Assessment of size selectivity in samples of the common coral trout <i>Plectropomus leopardus</i> taken by line fishing for age-structure analysis	Welch/ Davies/ Mapstone (JCU)	6/95	7/00
2.4.12/6	Modelling and evaluation of management strategies	Smith (CSIRO Marine Research)/ Mapstone (JCU)	7/94	7/00
2.4.13	Spear-fishing on the Great Barrier Reef	Nakaya/ Mapstone/ Inglis (JCU)	6/94	3/97
2.4.14	Recreational boating - Townsville model	Higgs/ Mapstone (JCU)	1/95	12/97
2.4.15	Bramble Reef re-opening: fisheries dynamics	Mapstone/ Davis/ Higgs (JCU)	5/95	4/97
2.4.16	Fisheries management models: options and development	Robertson (GBRMPA)	4/95	6/00
2.4.17	Fisheries databases – QFMA	Mapstone/ Davis/ McKinlay (JCU)	5/95	6/00
2.4.18	Interview / liaison with industry: effects of fishing	Mapstone/ Jones (JCU)	5/95	6/00
2.4.19	Rezoning for effects of line fishing experiment	McGinnity (GBRMPA)	1/96	6/97
2.4.20	The economic management of multispecies fisheries and the commercial collection of aquarium fisheries on the Great Barrier Reef	Kung/ Mapstone (JCU)	6/97	1/99
2.5.1	Strategies to reduce the impact of gill-netting on dugongs in the GBR Region	Marsh (JCU)	1/96	7/98
2.5.2	The ecological impacts of visitors on seabird populations	Gyuris (JCU)	7/95	7/98
2.5.3	The survivorship of sea turtles after capture in trawls	Marsh/ Robins (JCU)	7/95	7/98
2.5.4	Impacts of humans on seabirds	Gyuris (JCU)	7/98	6/99

Task No.	Task Title	Chief Investigator	Start	Finish	
Program 3					
3.1	Design waves and water levels in the Great Barrier Reef	Hardy (JCU)	1/94	6/00	
3.2	The influence of groundwater and surface water discharges on the water quality of the Great Barrier Reef lagoon	Volker (JCU)	1/94	6/00	
3.3	Engineering guidelines: design, construction and operation	Massel (AIMS)	1/94	6/00	
3.4	Engineering design for the Great Barrier Reef	Johnston (JCU)	6/94	6/00	
3.4.1	Great Barrier Reef shipping study – inner/outer route risk assessment	Johnstone (JCU)	11/93	6/94	
3.4.2/1	Dynamic response of a tourist pontoon in a coral reef lagoon	Britton (JCU)	1/94	12/97	
3.4.2/2	Ballast water discharge	Oemcke (JCU)	6/95	12/98	
3.4.2/3	Investigation of load capacities of mooring anchoring systems	Greensill (JCU)	1/95	9/95	
3.4.2/4	The hydrodynamics of a coral reef flat	McCorkell (JCU)	1/97	12/99	
Duo guona 4					
Program 4 4.1	Diver awareness	Queensland Dive	5/94	6/00	
4.3.1	Dive course materials	GBRMPA	10/94	3/95	
4.3.2	Marine interpretive/ training matter	GBRMPA	1/95	6/95	
4.3.3	HIT training course development	CRC Reef/TAFEs/Industry	7/96	12/97	
Program 5					
5.2.1	Endangered species education program	West (QFITC)	11/97	3/98	
5.2.2	Tourism industry training needs	MCT (Mackay)	9/96	6/97	
5.5.1	The role of suspended sediment in coral energy budgets	Anthony (JCU)	2/95	3/98	
5.5.2	Coral settlement patterns and the behaviour and ecology of coral larvae	Baird (JCU)	1/95	12/95	
5.5.3	The chemical ecology of the soft coral / zooxanthellae interaction	Michalek-Wagner (JCU)	9/95	9/98	

Task No.	Task Title	Chief Investigator	Start	Finish	
5.5.4	Injury and regeneration in reef-crest corals	Hall (JCU)	9/95	12/96	
5.5.5	Modelling spatial and temporal change in benthic reef communities	De'ath (JCU)	8/96	7/99	
5.5.6	Spatial and temporal variation in the population dynamics and life history traits of the tropical snapper <i>Lutjanus carponotatus</i> on the Great Barrier Reef	Kritzer (JCU)	1/97	12/97	
5.5.7	Effects of fishing and regional variation on the sexual structure of <i>Plectropomus leopardus</i> and <i>P. laevis</i> populations on the Great Barrier Reef	Adams (JCU)	3/97	3/00	

Table 2. RESEARCH TASKS 1993 – 2000

Research Tasks which provided information about the listed topics within the Cooperative Research Centre for Ecologically Sustainable Development of the Great Barrier Reef, 1993-2000. Total expenditure on research during this period was \$20,101,000.

Topic	Number of tasks ¹	Total funding 1993-2000 ¹	Research Task Numbers ²
Coral bleaching and climate change	3	\$826,000	1.1.2; 1.1.4; 5.5.3
Crown-of-thorns starfish	9	\$1,852,000	1.1.2; 1.6.1; 1.6.2; 1.6.3; 1.6.4; 1.6.5; 1.6.6; 1.6.7; 1.6.8
Water quality / pollution	16	\$2,295,000	1.1.1; 1.2.3; 1.3.3; 1.3.4; 1.3.5; 1.3.6; 1.3.7; 1.4.4; 1.4.5; 1.4.7; 1.5.1; 1.5.2; 1.5.3; 1.5.4; 1.5.3; 5.5.1
Conserving biodiversity / introduced species	9	\$797,000	2.1.10; 2.3.1; 2.3.2; 2.5.1; 2.5.2; 2.5.3; 2.5.4; 3.4.2/2; 5.2.1
Sustainable fishing	30	\$3,737,000	2.1.12; 2.1.17; 2.4.2; 2.4.3; 2.4.4; 2.4.5; 2.4.6; 2.4.7; 2.4.8; 2.4.9; 2.4.10; 2.4.11; 2.4.12; 2.4.12/1; 2.4.12/2; 2.4.12/3; 2.4.12/4; 2.4.12/5; 2.4.12/6; 2.4.13; 2.4.14; 2.4.15; 2.4.16; 2.4.17; 2.4.18; 2.4.19; 2.4.20; 2.4.21; 2.4.23; 5.5.6
Sustainable tourism	28	\$4,475,000	2.1.1; 2.1.2; 2.1.4; 2.1.5/1; 2.1.5/2; 2.1.6; 2.1.6/2; 2.1.7; 2.1.7; 2.1.8/2; 2.1.9; 2.1.11; 2.1.13; 2.1.15; 2.2.1; 2.2.2; 2.2.3; 3.1; 3.2; 3.3; 3.4; 3.4.2/1; 3.4.2/3; 4.1; 4.3.1; 4.3.2; 4.3.3; 5.2.2
Oceanography and physical processes	14	\$3,380,000	1.1.1; 1.1.3; 1.1.4; 1.2.1; 1.2.2; 1.2.3; 1.3.1; 1.3.2; 1.3.4; 1.5.1/2; 1.5.1/3; 1.5.2/4; 1.5.2; 3.4.2/4
Biological processes and monitoring	22	\$4,447,000	1.1.2; 1.1.3; 1.1.4; 1.2.2; 1.3.3; 1.3.7; 1.4.1; 1.4.2; 1.4.3; 1.4.6; 1.4.7; 1.5.1; 1.5.1/3; 1.7.1; 2.1.3; 2.3.1; 2.3.2; 5.5.1; 5.5.2; 5.5.3; 5.5.4; 5.5.5
Marine park management research	7	\$1,313,000	1.5.3; 2.1.6; 2.1.8; 2.1.15; 2.1.16; 2.1.17; 3.4.1

- 1 Where research tasks address more than one topic (e.g. coral bleaching and crown-ofthorns starfish, or water quality and oceanography), the projects are listed and expenditure included under each of the topics.
- 2 For detailed information on the title, chief investigator and duration of projects, refer to Table 1.

SIGNIFICANT ACHIEVEMENTS AND PUBLICATIONS

1. Coral Bleaching and Climate Change

Coral bleaching has become a significant public issue, nationally and internationally. There are major concerns about the possibility that humans are contributing to coral bleaching through global warming. There is also concern about the impact of coral bleaching on the future of the Great Barrier Reef. Understanding the potential for coral reefs to survive bleaching episodes, which may be more frequent and widespread in the future, requires a clear understanding of the capacity of corals to survive temperature changes.

- An aerial survey technique was used for the first time to document the extent and intensity of coral bleaching during the 1998 coral bleaching event on the Great Barrier Reef (GBR). This survey technique was an efficient and costefficient way of getting a GBR-wide overview of bleaching. Importantly, the information was available quickly and was used to satisfy an urgent public and political demand for an update on the bleaching event.
- A novel approach was used to define time and temperature thresholds for coral bleaching. These time-temperature threshold curves indicate that considerable thermal adaptation has taken place in coral communities which correlate with latitude, but more specifically with local temperature regimes. These threshold curves are an important part of a current project which is providing a risk assessment of climate change impacts on the GBR. The threshold curves will also provide an automated early warning system for coral bleaching using the AIMS/GBRMPA network of automatic weather stations on the GBR.
- An experimental investigation defined the upper thermal limits of three coral species on the inshore central GBR. The results confirm the precarious balance between tolerable and intolerable thermal conditions for some coral species.
 Bleaching thresholds for these species are 2-4°C higher than mean summer

- temperatures and within 1°C of average daily temperatures for considerable periods each summer.
- The broadscale long-term monitoring project by AIMS enhanced the capacity of the scientific community to make authoritative statements about the limited extent of coral mortality on the GBR following the severe global bleaching event of summer 1998.
- The first detailed study of bleaching in soft corals provided new insights into photoprotective mechanisms and the role of specific secondary metabolites in protecting soft corals against bleaching. It showed that bleaching has the potential to disrupt the reproductive output of soft corals for up to two years after a bleaching disturbance. This work provides one of the first pieces of evidence for the longer-term effects of bleaching on reef communities.

- Baird AH, Marshall PA. 1998. Mass bleaching of corals on the Great Barrier Reef. *Coral Reefs* 17: 376.
- Berkelmans R, Oliver J. 1999. Large-scale bleaching of corals on the Great Barrier Reef. *Coral Reefs* 18: 55-60.
- Berkelmans R, Willis BL 1999. Seasonal and local spatial patterns in the upper thermal limits of corals on the inshore central Great Barrier Reef. *Coral Reefs* 18: 219-228.
- Berkelmans R. in press. Time-integrated thermal bleaching thresholds of reefs and their variation on the Great Barrier Reef. *Mar Ecol Prog Ser*.
- Done T, Berkelmans R, Skirving W. 2001. Australian perspectives on global climate change and coral bleaching: the 1998 event on the Great Barrier Reef. JAMSTEC International Coral Reef Symposium, Tokyo, 23-24 February 2000.
- Fabricius KE. 1998. Coral reef bleaching in the land down under Australia's GBR. *Oceanic Resource Foundation*. 4-8.
- Fabricius KE. 1999. Tissue loss and mortality in soft corals following mass-bleaching. *Coral Reefs* 18: 54.
- Hoegh-Guldberg O, Berkelmans R, Oliver J. 1997. Coral bleaching: implications for the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996 1: 210-224.
- Jones RJ, Berkelmans R, Oliver JK. 1997. Recurrent bleaching of corals at Magnetic Island (Australia) relative to air and seawater temperature. *Mar. Ecol. Prog. Ser.* 158: 289-292.
- Lough JM. 1997. Recent climate variation on the Great Barrier Reef. In: Wachenfeld D, Oliver J, Davis K. (Eds.) State of the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area Workshop. Townsville, 27-29 November 1995, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Workshop Series No 23. GBRMPA, Townsville pp 7 20.

- Lough JM, Barnes DJ. 1997. Several centuries of variation in skeletal extension, density and calcification in massive *Porites* colonies from the Great Barrier Reef: A proxy for seawater temperature and a background of variability against which to identify unnatural change. *J. Exp. Mar. Biol. Ecol.* 211: 29-67.
- Lough JM. 2000. Sea surface temperature variations on coral reefs: 1903-1998. AIMS Report Number 31, 109 pp.
- Lough JM. 2001. Perspectives on global climate change and coral bleaching: 1997-1998 sea surface temperatures at local to global scales. Proceedings JAMSTEC International Coral Reef Symposium, Tokyo, February 2000.
- Marshall PA, Baird AH. 2000. Bleaching of corals in the Central Great Barrier Reef: Variation in assemblage response and taxa susceptibilities. *Coral Reefs* 19: 155-163.
- Michalek-Wagner K, Bowden BF. 2000. The effects of bleaching on the secondary metabolite chemistry of alcyonacean soft corals. *J. Chem. Ecol.* 26: 1543-1562.
- Michalek-Wagner K, Willis BL. 2000. Impacts of bleaching on the soft coral *Lobophytum compactum*. I. Fecundity, fertilization and offspring viability. *Coral Reefs* 19: 231-239.
- Michalek-Wagner K, Willis BL. 2000. Impacts of bleaching on the soft coral *Lobophytum* compactum. II. Biochemical changes in adults and their eggs. *Coral Reefs* 19: 240-246.
- Michalek-Wagner K, Bourne DJ, Bowden BF. 2001. The effects of different strains of zooxanthellae on secondary metabolite chemistry and development of the soft coral *Lobophytum compactum. Marine Biology* 138: 753-760.
- Michalek-Wagner K. in press. Seasonal and sex-specific variations in levels of photo-protecting mycosporine-like amino acids (MAAs) in soft corals. *Marine Biology*.
- Skirving W, Guinotte J. 2001. The sea surface temperature story on the Great Barrier Reef during the coral bleaching event of 1998. In: Wolanski E. (Ed.) Oceanographic Processes on the Great Barrier Reef, CRC Press.
- Skirving WJ. 2000. Use of satellite data for monitoring coral bleaching: the accuracy of AVHRR derived SST in the GBR. Report to the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, May 2000, 14 pp.
- Toscano MA, Strong AL, Guch IC, Done TJ, Berkelmans R. 1999. Satellite "hotspot" technique predicts coral reef bleaching and confirms tropical ocean warming since 1982. Proceedings of the International Conference on the Ocean Observing System for Climate, St Raphael, France, 18-22 October 1999.
- Willis BL, Anthony K, Berkelmans R, Michalek-Wagner K, Page C, True J. 2001. Developing predictive and reactive tools for monitoring coral health. JAMSTEC International Coral Reef Symposium Proceedings, Tokyo, February 2000.

2. Crown-of-Thorns Starfish

Outbreaks of crown-of-thorns starfish *Acanthaster planci* have been a major issue on the Great Barrier Reef and other Indo-Pacific reefs for nearly 40 years. The outbreaks have generated great concern among the community and considerable debate among scientists. Despite 30 years of research effort on this complex research problem, and the commitment of millions of dollars on research over the last 15 years, the ultimate causes of the outbreaks are still not clear. However, there is now a much greater understanding of the biology of the starfish, the nature of the outbreaks and the pattern of recovery of the reefs.

- A system of intensive, fine-scale surveys, capable of locating populations of juvenile crown-of-thorns starfish, were developed and used on the Great Barrier Reef (GBR) between 1994 and 2000. The surveys aimed to detect crown-of-thorns starfish outbreaks in their earliest stages, and thus help with forward planning by the marine tourism industry. The surveys increased understanding of population dynamics of the crown-of-thorns starfish, particularly in the critical juvenile stages. An impending outbreak was detected in the Cairns area in 1994-95. For the first time, this outbreak was followed from its earliest stages through time. By 2001, populations of crown-of-thorns starfish in the Cairns area were almost gone and the first starfish populations were recorded in the Townsville and Whitsundays regions.
- Researchers worked closely with the tourism industry to develop training for local controls of crown-of-thorns starfish populations and on developing the capacity to identify the early stages of starfish outbreaks. CRC Reef provided scientific support to the tourism industry in their requests for government funding to support local crown-of-thorns starfish controls.

- The Long-Term Monitoring program regularly surveyed reefs along the length of the GBR using manta tow surveys and video transects. This provided a large-scale picture of the location and intensity of outbreaks of adult crown-of-thorns starfish. During the 1990s, crown-of-thorns starfish populations were initially recorded in the northern GBR and subsequently on reefs further south. This indicated that the pattern of this third outbreak was similar to that of the previous two outbreaks.
- Patterns of genetic connectedness between populations of the crown-of-thorns
 starfish on the GBR were examined. The results indicated that the populations of
 crown-of-thorns starfish in the outbreak during the mid-1990s were derived
 from the same genetic source, and not from separate outbreaks. The outbreaking
 starfish in 1996 were also genetically similar to those from the 1980s indicating
 that the sources of both populations were similar.
- Local control techniques for crown-of-thorns outbreaks were trialed in the
 Lizard Island region. Starfish regularly move into areas which have been
 previously cleared, so that effective local control of starfish populations requires
 ongoing effort over long periods. The relative merits of high and low intensity
 efforts were compared. Each situation requires close monitoring and continual
 evaluation of the most effective strategy.

- Ayukai T, Okaji K, Lucas JS. 1997. Food limitation in the growth and development of Crown-of-thorns starfish larvae in the Great Barrier Reef. *Proc. 8th Int. Coral Reef Symp.* 1: 621-626.
- Bass DK, Miller IR. 1995. Crown-of-thorns starfish and coral surveys using the manta tow and SCUBA search techniques. Long-term monitoring of the Great Barrier Reef Standard Operating Procedure Number 1. Australian Institute of Marine Science, Townsville, 33 pp.
- Benzie JAH, Wakeford M 1997. Genetic determination of sources of *Acanthaster planci* recruitment. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 17. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 31 pp.
- Benzie JAH, Wakeford M 1997. Genetic structure of crown-of-thorns starfish (*Acanthaster planci*) on the Great Barrier Reef, Australia: comparison of two sets of outbreak populations occurring ten years apart. *Mar. Biol.* 129: 149-157.
- Black KP, Moran PJ, Burrage DM, D'eath G. 1995. Slow currents are associated with Crown-of-thorns starfish outbreaks. *Mar. Ecol. Prog. Ser.* 125: 185–194.

- Bode L, Burrage DM. 1996. Physical oceanography of the Cairns Section of the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park, in the context of COTS outbreaks. Report to the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, 23 pp.
- De'ath G, Moran P. 1998. Factors affecting the behaviour of crown-of-thorns starfish (*Acanthaster planci* (L.) on the Great Barrier Reef: 1: Patterns of activity. *J. Exp. Mar. Biol. Ecol.* 220: 83-106.
- De'ath G, Moran P. 1998. Factors affecting the behaviour of crown-of thorns starfish (*Acanthaster planci* L.) on the Great Barrier Reef: 2: Feeding preferences. *J. Exp. Mar. Biol. Ecol.* 220: 107-126.
- Engelhardt U, Lassig BR. 1997. A review of the possible causes and consequences of outbreaks of the crown-of-thorns starfish (*Acanthaster planci*) on the Great Barrier Reef an Australian perspective. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, Vol. 1: 243-259.
- Engelhardt U, Hartcher M, Cruise J, Engelhardt D, Russell M, Taylor N, Thomas G, Wiseman D. 1999. Fine-scale surveys of crown-of-thorns starfish (*Acanthaster planci*) in the central Great Barrier Reef region. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 30. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 97 pp.
- Engelhardt U, Miller I, Lassig B, Sweatman H, Bass D. 1997. Crown-of-thorns starfish (*Acanthaster planci*) populations in the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area: Status Report 1995-96. In: Wachenfeld D, Oliver J, Davis K. (Eds.) State of the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area Workshop. Townsville, 27-29 November 1995, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Workshop Series No 23. GBRMPA, Townsville: 158-184.
- Fabricius KE. 1996. Ecosystem recovery after episodic disturbance: resilience of some coral reefs after *Acanthaster* outbreaks. *Senckenbergiana maritima* 27: 227-235.
- Fabricius KE. 1997. Soft coral abundance in the central Great Barrier Reef: effects of *Acanthaster planci*, space availability, and aspects of the physical environment *Coral Reefs* 16: 159-167.
- Fisk D, Vail L, Hoggett A. 1997. Cost-effective small-scale crown-of-thorns starfish eradication procedures using acid injections. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority. 2: 79-85.
- Fisk DA, Power MC. 1999. Development of cost-effective control strategies for crown-of-thorns starfish. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 25. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 61 pp.
- Lourey MJ, Miller IR, Ryan DAJ. 2000. Decline and recovery of Great Barrier Reef corals following damage by the crown-of-thorns starfish *Acanthaster planci. Mar. Ecol. Prog. Ser.* 196: 179-186.
- Okaji K, Ayukai T, Lucas JS. 1997. Selective uptake of dissolved free amino acids by larvae of the crown-of-thorns starfish, *Acanthaster planci* (L.). *Proc. 8th Int. Coral Reef Symp.* 1: 613-616.
- Stump R. 1996. An investigation to describe the population dynamics of *Acanthaster planci* (L.) around Lizard Island, Cairns section, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 10. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 56 pp.
- Sweatman H. 1997. Commercial fishes as predators of adult *Acanthaster planci*. *Proc. 8th Int. Coral Reef Symp*. 1: 617-620.

3. Water Quality and Pollution

Nutrients and sediment run-off in to the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area as a result of land use is estimated to have increased four-fold since European settlement. In addition, about 80% of wetlands adjacent to the reef have been drained or filled. These wetlands are a natural filter of run-off in to the GBRWHA.

The impact of land use and associated run-off on the GBRWHA are not yet clear but there is growing concern about changes to inshore marine communities caused by altered land use practices.

CRC Reef research has improved our understanding of water quality and pollution in the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area.

- Work by CRC Reef researchers has made a significant contribution to
 understanding nutrient flow near the coast and its implications for reef systems.
 Studies demonstrated differences in nutrient export between 'wet' and 'dry'
 catchments, and differences between rivers in the contribution of upper and
 lower catchments as nutrient sources. Data from these studies have been used by
 management agencies to set guidelines for catchment discharges.
- The first comprehensive nitrogen and phosphorus budgets have been prepared for the central Great Barrier Reef. Estimates have been made of the significance of upwelling in contributing the nutrient inputs to the central Great Barrier Reef via the Coral Sea. Links have been established between water quality, nutrient inputs and phytoplankton community structure for the Great Barrier Reef.
- Changes to river nutrient status in Queensland related to land use have been
 quantified, allowing system-scale estimates of the input of terrestrial sediment
 and nutrient from runoff to the Great Barrier Reef. These results have
 contributed greatly to the debate on water quality and its management in the
 GBRWHA.

- A computer simulation model and risk assessment software have been developed to better quantify the influence of river plumes under current and future catchment management and water allocation regimes. Simulation of flood discharge shows the potential impacts of fresh water on near-shore coral communities. The simulations correlated with historical flood events revealed by analysis of coral skeletons.
- Surveys of 1,500 sites on the Great Barrier Reef indicate considerable disturbance in the inshore reef communities of the wet tropical region that is exposed to elevated nutrient and sediment levels from adjacent land use. Abundance and richness of hard corals and octocorals (i.e. soft corals) are low. This appears to be due to a combination of bleaching, crown-of-thorns and reduced water quality. In contrast, there are few signs of disturbance on inshore reefs further north where inputs from human land use are low.
- The number of coral recruits on these wet tropical inshore reefs is low compared with other regions investigated. This implies that the potential for recovery of these reefs is low.
- Surveys showed that high water turbidity (which can be caused by flood plumes and sediment resuspension) is related to low octocoral biodiversity.
- Experimental work by CRC Reef researchers has improved knowledge about the
 ways that terrestrial runoff might affect coral populations and reef status. In
 contrast to the widely accepted view, algae is unlikely to overgrow corals as a
 result of enhanced nutrients from runoff except where herbivores are naturally
 or anthropogenically scarce. The abundance of benthic algae is largely (but not
 completely) explained by herbivory.
- Abundant macroalgae are not evidence for (or against) degradation of inshore reefs of GBR. On reefs with abundant herbivorous fish, a shift in the trophic balance of the reef may not be noticed because the fish will quickly eat the algae and mask an increase in algal growth rate. In contrast, high algal growth rates

will be visible where there are few herbivorous fishes such as areas subject to overfishing or GBR inshore reef flats (which usually have naturally low herbivore populations).

- A manipulative study by CRC Reef assessed short-term and long-term effects of
 commonly transported oils and methods for their bioremediation or treatment in
 tropical Australian mangrove and salt marsh habitats. Longer-term effects were
 assessed from spill incidents which occurred around Australia over the last 30
 years. Dispersion of spilled oil before it reaches mangroves is an important
 strategy to reduce the long-term impact of oil on mangrove habitats.
- Experiments by CRC Reef researchers showed that oxygen helps the rapid degradation of oil. These studies have been used to improve guidelines and recommendations for the protection, clean-up, and restoration of oiled mangrove habitats around Australia and elsewhere. This research has helped the Australian petroleum industry determine the usefulness of chemical dispersants and the interdependence of plants and animals in mangrove habitats.
 Queensland port authorities are also better prepared to respond to possible crude oil spills near the coast.
- Cadmium and mercury were found to be above background concentrations in nearshore sediments in parts of the Herbert and Burdekin River estuaries (Hinchinbrook Channel, Bowling Green Bay). This metal enhancement is probably related to 50 years of phosphatic fertiliser and organomercurial fungicide usage in Herbert River floodplain sugar cane agriculture, and gold mining activities between 1874 and 1920.
- Organochlorine pesticide residues (DDT, dieldrin, etc, which are now banned from use) were found in sugar cane field soils and some wetlands of the Herbert and Burdekin River floodplains. However, these long-lived pesticides could not be detected in the estuarine sediments of Hinchinbrook Channel and Bowling Green Bay. These ecological poisons were probably lost to the atmosphere by volatilisation, or degraded by photochemical and microbiological reactions.

- Relatively high concentrations of an unusual form of dioxin (usually considered
 to be a toxic anthropogenic contaminant) were found in coastal soils and
 sediments. Analysis of radiochemically dated sediment cores from Hinchinbrook
 Channel and Bowling Green Bay shows that this unusual dioxin is present in
 sediment deposited before 1800, which suggests that there must be a natural
 source of this dioxin.
- The concentration of herbicides and pesticides in sediments and seagrass collected between Torres Strait and Moreton Bay were typically low. Contaminants were mainly detected in samples collected in subtidal muds along the high rainfall, tropical coast between Townsville and Port Douglas. Of the contaminants detected, diuron and dieldrin were found in concentrations that were high enough to present an environmental risk to local biota. Polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins (PCDDs) were also detected in sediments from five GBR sites sampled for dioxins. These results were unexpected and provide evidence that an unidentified source for higher chlorinated dioxins exists along the Queensland coast.
- Experiments by CRC Reef researchers found that exposure to herbicide concentrations present in nearshore Queensland sediments present a potential risk to seagrasses and, as a consequence, an indirect risk to dugongs. Tissue samples of liver and blubber were salvaged from fifty-three dugong (*Dugong dugon*) carcasses stranded along the Queensland coast between 1996-2000, and higher than normal concentrations of some pollutants were found. The contamination of the coast by pollutants will have important consequences for GBR dugong populations. The dioxins are likely to be bioaccumulated by the dugongs and the herbicides could impact nearshore seagrasses on which the dugongs feed.

- Anthony K. 1999. Skeletal growth rate: a poor indicator of sediment stress in corals? In: Heap, A.D. (Ed.) North Queensland Sedimentologists' 1st Annual Workshop: Extended Abstracts. School of Earth Sciences, James Cook University, Townsville, Australia, p. 31.
- Anthony KRN. 1999. A tank system for studying benthic aquatic organisms at predictable levels of turbidity and sedimentation: case study examining coral growth. *Limnol. Oceanogr.* 44: 1415-1422.
- Anthony KRN, Fabricius KE. 2000. Shifting roles of heterotrophy and autotrophy in coral energetics under varying turbidity. *J. Exp. Mar. Biol. Ecol.* 252: 221-253.
- Barnes DJ, Lough JM. 1999. *Porites* growth characteristics in a changed environment: Misima Island, Papua New Guinea. *Coral Reefs* 18: 213-218.
- Brodie J, Furnas M. 1996. Cyclones, river flood plumes and natural water quality extremes in the central Great Barrier Reef. In: Hunter HM, Eyles AG, Rayment GE. (Eds.) National Conference on Downstream Effects of Land Use, Rockhampton, 26-28 April 1995. Department of Natural Resources, Queensland: 367-374.
- Brodie JE, Furnas MJ, Steven ADL, Trott LA, Pantus F, Wright M. 1997. Monitoring chlorophyll in the Great Barrier Reef lagoon: Trends and variability. *Proc. 8th Int. Coral Reef Symp.* 1: 797-802.
- Brunskill G J, Johnson AKL, Walker GS, Bramley RGV, Pfitzner J. 1996. Mercuric and demophoric pressure on the Hinchinbrook Island region coastal zone. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef National Conference on Science, Use, and Management, 25-29 November 1996, Townsville, Queensland, Australia, p. 14.
- Brunskill GJ. 1998. Agricultural contaminants in sediments of Hinchinbrook Channel and Missionary Bay, North Queensland. In: Haynes D, Kellaway D, Davis K. (Eds.) *Protection of wetlands adjacent to the Great Barrier Reef.* Proceedings of workshop held in Babinda, Queensland, Australia, 25-26 September 1997, p. 36.
- Burns KA, Codi S. 1998. Contrasting impacts of localised versus catastrophic oil spills in mangrove sediments. *Mangroves and Saltmarshes* 2: 63-74.
- Burns KA, Codi S, Pratt C, Duke NC. 1999. Weathering of hydrocarbons in mangrove sediments: testing the effects of using dispersants to treat oil spills. *Organic Geochemistry* 30: 1273-1286.
- Burns KA, Codi S, Swannell RJP, Duke NC. 1999. Assessing the oil degradation potential of endogenous micro-organisms in tropical marine wetland. *Mangroves and Salt Marshes* 3: 67-83.
- Burns KA, Codi S, Duke N. 2000. The Gladstone Field Experiment: Weathering and degradation of hydrocarbons in oiled mangrove and slat marsh sediments, with and without the application of an experimental bioremediation protocol. *Mar. Poll. Bull.* 41: 392-402.
- Burns KA, Codi S. 1998. Contrasting impacts of localised versus catastrophic oil spills in mangrove sediments. *Mangroves and Salt Marshes* 2: 63-74.
- Burns KA, Codi S, Pratt C, Duke NC. 1999. Weathering of hydrocarbons in mangrove sediments: testing the effects of using dispersants to treat oil spills. *Organic Geochemistry* 30: 1273-1286.
- Burns KA, Codi S, Swannell RJP, Duke NC. 1999. Assessing the oil degradation potential of endogenous micro-organisms in tropical marine wetland. *Mangroves and Salt Marshes* 3: 67-83.

- Burns KA, Swannell RPJ, Duke NC. 1997. Bioremediation in tropical Australia: the flask experiment. Australian Institute of Marine Science and AEA Technology. 26 pp.
- Cavanagh JE, Burns KA, Brunskill GJ, Coventry RJ. 1999. Organochlorine pesticide residues in soils and sediments of the Herbert and Burdekin River regions, North Queensland implications for contamination of the Great Barrier Reef. *Mar. Poll. Bull.* 39: 367–375.
- Cavanagh JE, Burns KA, Brunskill GJ, Ryan DAJ, Ahokas JT. 2000. Induction of hepatic cytochrome P-450 1A in pikey bream (*Acanthopagrus berda*) collected from agricultural and urban catchments in far north Queensland. *Mar. Poll. Bull.* 41: 377-384.
- Cavanagh JE. 2001. Chlorinated hydrocarbon contaminants in coastal soils and sediments of north Queensland, Australia. Ph.D. Thesis, Department of Plant Science, James Cook University, Townsville.
- Crossland CJ. 1996. A perspective on ASS as a coastal management issue. In: Smith RJ, Smith HJ. (Eds.) Proceedings of the 2nd National Conference of Acid Sulfate Soils. Coffs Harbour, 5-6 September 1996. Publ. Robert J Smith and Associates and ASSMAC.
- Crossland CJ, Done TJ, Brunskill GJ. 1997. Potential impacts of sugar cane production on the marine environment. In: Keating BA, Wilson JR. (Eds.) Intensive sugarcane production: meeting the challenges beyond 2000. Proceedings of the Sugar 2000 Symposium, Brisbane, 19-23 August 1996: 423-436.
- Devlin M, Lourey M. 1996. Water quality field and analytical procedures. Standard Operating Procedure No. 4. Long-term monitoring, Australian Institute of Marine Science.
- Devlin M. 1996. Refinement of the sampling design for the water quality component of the AIMS Long-term Monitoring Program. Australian Institute of Marine Science Report, No. 26.
- Devlin MJ. 1996. Offshore measurements late in the river plumes associated with Cyclone Sadie. In: Steven, A. (Ed.) *Cyclone Sadie flood plumes in the Great Barrier Reef Lagoon: Composition and Consequences*. November 1994, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Workshop Series 22: 45-53
- Doherty GB, Brunskill GJ, Ridd MJ. 2000. Natural and Enhanced Concentrations of Trace Metals in Sediments of Cleveland Bay, Great Barrier Reef Lagoon, Australia. *Mar. Poll. Bull.* 41: 337-344.
- Doherty GB, Coomans D, Brunskill GJ. 2000. Modelling natural and enhanced trace metal concentrations in sediments of Cleveland Bay. *Aust. J. Mar. Freshw. Res.* 51: 739-747.
- Doherty GB. 2001. Geochemical variations in sedimentary metals of the Central Region of the Great Barrier Reef Lagoon, north Queensland, Australia. Ph.D. Thesis, Department of Chemistry, James Cook University, Townsville.
- Done T. 1996. Macro-Algae on Coral Reefs: Symptom or Succession? In: Hunter HM, Eyles AG, Rayment GE. (Eds.) National Conference on Downstream Effects of Land Use, Rockhampton, 26-28 April 1995. Department of Natural Resources, Queensland: 121.
- Duke NC. 1996. Lessons from the experimental oiling of mature mangroves. Part of a major research project funded by the Australian offshore petroleum industry to help reduce future impacts of large oil spills on mangrove habitats. Gordon L. (Ed.), Australian Petroleum Production and Exploration Association (APPEA): 6-7.
- Duke NC. 1996. Mangrove reforestation in Panama: an evaluation of planting in areas deforested by a large oil spill. In: Field CD. (Ed.) *Restoration of Mangrove Ecosystems*. International Society for Mangrove Ecosystems, Okinawa, and International Tropical Timber Organisation, Yokohama: 209-232.
- Duke NC, Burns KA. 1999. Fate and effects of oil and dispersed oil on mangrove ecosystems in Australia: Main Report, 212 pages; Executive Summary, 23 pages. Australian Institute of Marine Science and CRC Reef Research Centre.

- Duke NC, Burns KA, Dalhaus O. 1998. Effects of oils and dispersed-oils on mangrove seedlings in planthouse experiments: a preliminary assessment of results two months after oil treatments. APPEA Journal: 631-636.
- Duke NC, Burns KA, Ellison JC, Rupp RJ, Dalhaus O. 1998. Effects of oil and dispersed-oil on mature mangroves in field trials at Gladstone. APPEA Journal. 637-645.
- Duke NC, Burns KA, Swannell RPJ. 1999. Research into the bioremediation of oil spills in tropical Australia: with particular emphasis on oiled mangrove and salt marsh habitat: Main Report, 288 pages; Executive Summary, 25 pages. Australian Institute of Marine Science and AEA Technology (UK), Townsville.
- Duke NC, Burns KA, Swannell RPJ. 1999. Research into the bioremediation of oil spills in tropical Australia: with particular emphasis on oiled mangrove and salt marsh habitat. In: Kellaway D. (Ed.) Sources, Fates and Consequences of Pollutants in the Great Barrier Reef and Torres Strait, Vol. Workshop Series No 25: 7. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority and the Australian Institute of Marine Science, Townsville, Queensland.
- Duke NC, Burns KA, Swannell RPJ, Dalhaus O, Rupp RJ. 2000. Dispersant use and a bioremediation strategy as alternate means of reducing impacts of large oil spills on mangroves: the Gladstone field trials. *Mar. Poll. Bull.* 41: 403-412.
- Duke NC, Ellison JC, Burns KA. 1998. Surveys of oil spill incidents affecting mangrove habitat in Australia: a preliminary assessment of incidents, impacts on mangroves, and recovery of deforested areas. APPEA Journal. 646-654.
- Duke NC, Ellison JC, Burns KA. 1997. Surveys of oil spill-affected mangrove habitat in Australia. Milestone Report 3.8 to APPEA and ERDC 27 November 1997. Australian Institute of Marine Science, Townsville.
- Duke NC, Pinzón ZS, Prada MC. 1997. Large scale damage to mangrove forests following two large oil spills in Panama. *Biotropica* 29:2-14.
- Duke NC, Pinzón ZS, Prada MC. 1999. Recovery of tropical mangrove forests following a major oil spill: a study of recruitment and growth, and the benefits of planting. In: Yáñez-Arancibia, A., Lara-Domínguez A.L. (Eds.) Mangrove Ecosystems in Tropical America / [Ecosistemas de Manglar en América Tropical], Chapter 15: 231-254. Instituto de Ecologia A. C. Mexico, UICN/ORMA Costa Rica, and NOAA/NMFS Silver Spring MD USA, Silver Spring MD USA.
- Duke NC, Shulkins C. 1999. Effects of oil and dispersed oil on mangroves. Environment. APPEA's Flowlines 1: 9-11.
- Fabricius K, De'ath G. 1999. Effects of sediment and river proximity on coral reef communities. In: Heap, A.D. (Ed.) North Queensland Sedimentologists' 1st Annual Workshop: Extended Abstracts. School of Earth Sciences, James Cook University, Townsville, Australia: 43-48.
- Fabricius KE, Dommisse M. 2000. Depletion of suspended particulate matter over coastal reef communities dominated by zooxanthellate soft corals. *Mar. Ecol. Prog. Ser.* 196: 157-167.
- Fabricius KE, Wolanski E. 2000. Rapid smothering of coral reef organisms by muddy marine snow. *Estuarine, Coastal and Shelf Science* 50: 115-120.
- Furnas M, Brodie J. 1996. Current status of nutrient levels and other water quality parameters in the Great Barrier Reef. In: Hunter HM, Eyles AG, Rayment GE. (Eds.) National Conference on Downstream Effects of Land Use, Rockhampton, Department of Natural Resources, Queensland: 9-22.
- Furnas M, Mitchell A. 1997. Biological oceanography of the Great Barrier Reef. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, 1: 75-87.

- Furnas M, Mitchell A. 1999. Event-related variability and inter-river differences in suspended sediment loads of tropical NE Queensland rivers. In: Heap AD. (Ed.) North Queensland Sedimentologists' 1st Annual Workshop: Extended Abstracts. School of Earth Sciences, James Cook University, Townsville, Australia, p. 96.
- Furnas M, Mitchell A, Skuza M. 1997. River inputs of nutrients and sediment to the Great Barrier Reef. In: Wachenfeld D, Oliver J, Davis K. (Eds.) *State of the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area Workshop*. Townsville, 27-29 November 1995, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Workshop Series No 23. GBRMPA, Townsville: 46-68.
- Furnas M, Mitchell A, Skuza M. 1997. Shelf-scale nitrogen and phosphorous budgets for the central Great Barrier Reef (16-19 S). Proc. 8th Int. Coral Reef Symp. 1: 809-814.
- Furnas MJ, Mitchell AW. 1996. Nutrient inputs into the Central Great Barrier Reef (Australia) from subsurface intrusions of Coral Sea waters: a two-dimensional displacement model. *Continental Shelf Research* 16: 1127-1148.
- Furnas MJ, Mitchell AW. 1996. Pelagic primary production in the Coral and Southern Solomon Seas. *Mar. Freshw. Res.* 47: 695-706.
- Gaus C, Papke O, Brunskill GJ, Muller JF. 2000. Historical PCDD/F (Dioxin, Furan) records in dated marine sediment cores from Queensland, Australia. *Organohalogen Compounds* 46:15-18.
- Gaus C, Weber R, Connell DW, Brunskill G, Prange J, Päpke O, Müller J. 2001. Depositional processes and their source implications from temporal pcdd distributions in Queensland (Australia). 21st International Symposium on Halogenated Environmental Organic Pollutants and POPs, Korea, September 9th -14th 2001.
- Haynes D, Johnson J. 2000. Organochlorine, heavy metal and polyaromatic hydrocarbon pollutant concentrations in the Great Barrier Reef (Australia) environment: a review. *Mar. Poll. Bull.* 41: 267-278.
- Haynes D, Michalek-Wagner K. 2000. Water quality in the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area: current issues and new research directions. *Mar. Poll. Bull.* 41: 428-434.
- Haynes D, Müller J, Carter S. 2000. Pesticide and herbicide residues in sediments and seagrasses from the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area and Queensland coast. *Mar. Poll. Bull.* 41: 279-287.
- Haynes D, Müller JF, McLachlan MS. 1999. Polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins and dibenzofurans in Great Barrier Reef (Australia) dugongs (*Dugong dugon*). *Chemosphere* 38: 255-262.
- Haynes D, Ralph P, Prange J, Dennison B. 2000. The impact of the herbicide diuron on photosynthesis in three species of tropical seagrasses. *Mar. Poll. Bull.* 41: 288-293.
- Haynes D, Ralph P, Müller J, Prange J, Michalek-Wagner, K, Waterhouse J. 2000. The occurrence and impact of herbicides in the Great Barrier Reef, Australia. *Reef Research* 10: 3-5.
- Haynes D, Slater J, Devlin M, Makey K. 1998. Great Barrier Reef water quality monitoring and dugong protection areas. *Reef Research* 8: 10-15.
- Hutchings P, Haynes D. 2000. Sources, fates and consequences of pollutants in the Great Barrier Reef. *Mar. Poll. Bull.* 41: 265-266.
- King B, McAllister F, Done T. 2000. Modelling the impact of the Burdekin, Herbert, Tully and Johnstone River Plumes on the Central Great Barrier Reef. Final Report to the CRC Reef Research Centre from Asia-Pacific Applied Science Associates and the Australian Institute of Marine Science, June 2000.
- King B, Spagnol S, Wolanski E, Done T. 1998. Modeling the mighty Burdekin River in flood. In: Spaulding ML, Blumberg AF. (Eds.) Coastal Modeling. Proceedings of the 5th

- International Conferenc, American Society of Civil Engineers, Alexandria, Virginia, 22-24 October 1997: 103-115.
- Lough JM, Barnes DJ. 1996. Centuries-long records of coral growth: a means to assess recent estimates of reef performance. In Larcombe P, Woolfe KJ, Purdon RG. (Eds.) Great Barrier Reef: Terrigenous Sediment Flux and Human Impacts, Second Edition November 1996, CRC Reef Research Centre, Current Research, Townsville, Australia: 101-103.
- McCook LJ, Price IR, Klumpp DW. 1997. Macroalgae on the GBR: causes or consequences, indicators or models of reef degradation? Proc. 8th Int. Coral Reef Symp. 2: 1851-1856.
- McCook LJ. 1999. Macroalgae, nutrients and phase shifts on coral reefs: scientific issues and management consequences for the Great Barrier Reef. *Coral Reefs* 18: 357-367.
- McCook LJ, Wolanski E, Spagnol S. 2001. Modelling and visualizing interactions between natural disturbances and eutrophication as causes of coral reef degradation. In: Wolanski E. (Ed.) Oceanographic processes of coral reefs: physical and biological links in the Great Barrier Reef. CRC Press, London.
- McLachlan MS, Haynes D, Müller J. 2001. Bioaccumulation of PCDDs in the water/sediment-seagrass-dugong (*Dugong dugon*) food chain on the Great Barrier Reef, Australia. *Environmental Pollution* 113: 129-134.
- Millar BM. 1998. Stream rehabilitation for improved water quality: benefits for the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area. Bachelor of Engineering Honours Thesis, School of Engineering, James Cook University, 100 pp.
- Müller JF, Haynes D, McLachlan MS. 1998. PCDD/Fs in the Great Barrier Reef environment of Australia. *Organohalogen Compounds* 39: 105-108.
- Müller JF, Haynes D, McLachlan M, Böhme F, Wil S, Shaw G, Mortimer M, Sadler R, Connell DW. 1999. PCDDs, PCDFs, PCBs and HCB in marine and estuarine sediments from Queensland, Australia. *Chemosphere* 39: 1707-1721.
- Mitchell A, Furnas M. 1997. Terrestrial inputs of nutrients and suspended sediments to the Great Barrier Reef lagoon. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority 1: 59-71.
- Mitchell AW, Bramley RGV. 1997. Export of nutrients and suspended sediment from the Herbert River catchment during a flood event associated with cyclone Sadie. In: Steven, A. (Ed.) *Cyclone Sadie flood plumes in the Great Barrier Reef Lagoon: Composition and Consequences.* Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Workshop Series 22, pp 9-16.
- Mitchell AW, Furnas MJ. 1994. River inputs of N and P to the central Great Barrier Reef (16 19 S). Proceedings of the Australian Sugar Technologists Annual Conference, Townsville: 30 37.
- Mitchell AW, Furnas MJ. 1996. Differences in suspended sediment flux to the GBR shelf between wet and dry catchments of north Queensland. Terrigenous Sediment Fluxes and the Central Great Barrier Reef Shelf: the Current State of Knowledge. In: Larcombe P, Woolfe KJ, Purdon RG. (Eds.) *Great Barrier Reef: Terrigenous Sediment Flux and Human Impacts*, Second Edition November 1996, CRC Reef Research Centre, Current Research, Townsville, Australia: 108-115.
- Mitchell AW, Bramley RGV, Johnson AKL. 1997. Export of nutrients and suspended sediment during a cyclone-mediated flood event in the Herbert River catchment, Australia. *Mar. Freshw. Res.* 48: 79-88.
- Mitchell AW, Reghenzani JR, Hunter HM, Bramley RGV. 1996. Water quality and nutrient fluxes from river systems draining into the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park. In: Hunter HM, Eyles AG, Rayment GE. (Eds.) *National Conference on Downstream Effects of Land Use*, Rockhampton, 26-28 April 1995. Department of Natural Resources, Queensland: 23-34.

- Mitchell D, Swannell RPJ, Burns KA, Duke NC. 1998. Disposal of oily waste arising from petroleum spills in Australian coastal waters: 46 pages. Australian Institute of Marine Science and AEA Technology.
- Müller JF, Haynes D, McLachlan MS. 1998. PCDD/Fs in the Great Barrier Reef environment of Australia. *Organohalogen Compounds* 39: 105-108.
- Müller JF, Haynes D, McLachlan M, Böhme F, Wil S, Shaw G, Mortimer M, Sadler R, Connell DW. in press. PCDDs, PCDFs, PCBs and HCB in marine and estuarine sediments from Queensland, Australia. *Chemosphere*.
- Ramsay MA, Swannell RPJ, Shipton WA, Duke NC, Hill RT. 1999. Effect of bioremediation on the microbial community in oiled mangrove sediments. In: Kellaway D. (Ed.) Sources, Fates and Consequences of Pollutants in the Great Barrier Reef and Torres Strait, Vol. Workshop Series No 25: 15. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority and the Australian Institute of Marine Science, Townsville, Queensland.
- Ramsay MA, Swannell RPJ, Shipton WA, Duke NC, Hill RT. 2000. Effect of bioremediation on the microbial community in oiled mangrove sediments. *Mar. Poll. Bull.* 41: 413-419.
- Steven A, Devlin M, Baer M, Lourey M. 1996. Spatial influence and composition of river plumes in the central Great Barrier Reef. In: Hunter HM, Eyles AG, Rayment GE (Eds.) National Conference on Downstream Effects of Land Use, Rockhampton, 26-28 April 1995. Department of Natural Resources, Queensland: 85-92.
- Tesiram Y. 1996. Natural and contaminant cadmium supply rates to Hinchinbrook Channel sediments, Queensland, Australia. Honours Thesis, Department of Chemistry, James Cook University, Townsville, Queensland, Australia, 56 pp.
- Thoday M. 1999. An oily situation. Current Research. Groundwork 1: 26-27.
- Udy JW, Dennison WC, Lee Long WJ, McKenzie LJ. 1999. Responses of seagrasses to nutrients in the Great Barrier Reef, Australia. *Mar. Ecol. Prog. Ser.* 185: 257-271.
- Umar MJ, McCook LJ, Price IR. 1998. Effects of sediment deposition on the seaweed *Sargassum* on a fringing coral reef. *Coral Reefs* 17: 169-177.
- Valente CPE. 1999. Anthropogenic cadmiuminputs to the Herbert Estuary and the Great Barrier Reef Lagoon: a history derived from sediment cores. Master of Applied Science, Tropical Environmental Studies and Geography, James Cook University, Townsville, Qld. 127 pp.
- Walker GS, Brunskill GJ. 1996. Detection of anthropogenic and natural mercury in sediments from the Great Barrier Reef Lagoon. In: Larcombe P, Woolfe KJ, PurdoG. (Eds.) *Great Barrier Reef: Terrigenous Sediment Flux and Human Impacts*, Second Edition November 1996, CRC Reef Research Centre, Current Research, Townsville, Australia: 155-159.
- Walker GS, Brunskill GJ. 1997. A history of anthropogenic mercury input into the Great Barrier Reef Lagoon, Australia. In: Lessios HA, Macintyre IG. (Eds.) *Proc. 8th Int. Coral Reef Symp.* 2: 1889-1892.
- Walker GS, Brunskill GJ. 1997. Detection of anthropogenic and natural mercury in sediments from the Great Barrier Reef Lagoon. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, 2: 30-33.
- Walker GS, Brunskill GJ, Isdale PJ, Tesiram TA. 1996. Mercury pollution in the Great Barrier Reef lagoon, Australia. Proceedings of the 4th International Conference on Mercury as a Global Pollutant, Hamburg, Germany, 4-8 August 1996, p. 436.
- Walker GS, Ridd MJ, Brunskill GJ. 1996. A comparison of inductively coupled plasma atomic emission spectrometry and inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry for determination of mercury in Great Barrier Reef Sediments. *Rapid Communications in Mass Spectrometry* 10: 96-99.

4. Conserving Biodiversity / Introduced Species

Marine species which have been introduced into Australian waters can become pests and threaten native biodiversity and commercial aquaculture industries. CRC Reef is committed to conserving biodiversity of the reef and protecting Australia from the threat of introduced marine species.

CRC Reef projects have also provided important information about endangered species conservation (dugongs and turtles), seabirds and inshore seagrass communities.

- An assessment of dugong populations has led to government strategies to
 reduce the impact of gillnetting on these animals. This includes the
 establishment of sixteen new Dugong Protection Areas and regional training
 courses for commercial fishers by the Queensland Seafood Industry Association.
- Surveys of dugong feeding grounds in Hervey Bay before and after a major flood event showed a decline in seagrass abundance. These results have implications for dugong feeding and survival patterns.
- CRC Reef researchers investigated the treatment of ballast water to reduce the
 transport of introduced marine species. Ultraviolet (UV) irradiation and
 filtration could potentially be used to treat ballast water, depending on the
 regulatory regime which is yet to be established. UV irradiation did not affect
 dinoflagellate cysts.
- The conditions in ballast water tanks had a considerable impact on the treatment.
 Sediments affect the efficiency of ballast exchange because organisms will remain in the tanks during exchanges. Sediments and corrosion will affect the efficiency of oxidising biocides because they have a reductive effect on the disinfectants.

- CRC Reef supported extensive surveys of benthic communities in both reef and
 inter-reefal areas. The results of these surveys in combination with the expertise
 of the researchers, provided valuable information about habitats which have
 been used in the Representative Areas Program run by Great Barrier Reef
 Marine Park Authority. The project aims to select all significant marine habitat
 types so they can be protected during rezoning of the marine park.
- The Seagrass Watch project supported by QDPI researchers gained considerable community support. The project evaluates the health of seagrass communities along the Queensland coast.

- Aragones L, Marsh H. 1999. Impact of dugong grazing and turtle cropping on tropical seagrass communities. *Pacific Conservation Biology* 5: 277-288.
- Aragones LV, Jefferson TA, Marsh H. 1997. Marine mammal survey techniques applicable in developing countries. *Asian Marine Biology* 14: 15-39.
- Austin I, Hilliard R, Oemcke D, Zelinski S. 1998. Ballast Water Management Port of Oakland Technical Memorandum. Report No 02801-028-086 by Dames and Moore (US) to the Port of Oakland. In: EIA Response Document, Port of Oakland Berths 55-58 Project by the Port of Oakland, Oakland CA, 48 pp.
- Boyd I, Lockyer C, Marsh H. 1999. Reproduction in marine mammals. In: Reynolds J, Rommel SA. (Eds.) *Biology of Marine Mammals* Smithsonian Institution Press, pp 218-286.
- Bryden M, Marsh H, Shaughnessy P. 1998. The Dugong. In: *Dugongs, whales, dolphins and seals:* a guide to the sea mammals of Australasia. Allen and Unwin. pp 65-69.
- Coles R. 1998. Tropical Queensland seagrasses. In: Haynes D, Kellaway D, Davis K. (Eds.) *Protection of wetlands adjacent to the Great Barrier Reef.* Proceedings of workshop held in Babinda, Queensland, Australia, 25-26 September 1997, p. 61.
- Coles RG, Kuo J. 1995. Seagrasses. In: Maragos JE, Peterson MNA, Eldredge LG, Bardach JE, Takeuchi HF. (Eds.) *Marine and Coastal Biodiversity in the Tropical Island Pacific Region. 1: Species Systematics and Information Management Priorities* East-West-Centre, Honolulu. pp 39-58.
- Coles RG, Lee Long WJ. 1999. Seagrasses. In: Eldredge LG, Maragos JE, Holthus PF, Takeuchi HF. (Eds.) *Marine and Coastal Biodiversity in the Tropical Island Pacific Region. 2: Population, Development, and Conservation Priorities* East-West-Centre, Honolulu: 21-46.
- Corkeron PJ, Morissette NM, Porter L, Marsh H. 1997. Distribution and status of hump-backed dolphins, *Sousa chinensis*, in Australian waters. *Asian Marine Biology* 14: 49-59.
- Crossland C. 1998. Coastal wetlands position comment. In: Haynes D, Kellaway D, Davis K. (Eds.) *Protection of wetlands adjacent to the Great Barrier Reef.* Proceedings of workshop held in Babinda, Queensland, Australia, 25-26 September 1997, p. 62.
- Done T, Diop S. 2000. Background paper: Information management and decision support for marine biodiversity protection and human welfare: coral reefs. In: Done T, Lloyd D. (Eds.) *Information management and decision support for marine biodiversity protection and*

- *human welfare: coral reefs.* Proceedings of a workshop, Australian Institute of Marine Science, 6-10 December 1999: 5-12.
- Done T, Lloyd D. (Eds.) 2000. *Information Management and Decision Support for Marine Biodiversity Protection and Human Welfare: Coral Reefs.* Proceedings of a Workshop, Australian Institute of Marine Science, 6-10 December 1999, 170 pp.
- Done TJ, Ogden JC, Wiebe WJ. 1995. Coral Reefs. In: Heywood VH. (Ed.) *Global Biodiversity Assessment* United Nations Environment Programme, Cambridge University Press: 381-387.
- Done TJ, Ogden JC, Wiebe WJ, Rosen BR. 1996. Biodiversity and ecosystem function of coral reefs. In: Mooney HA, Cushman JH, Medina E, Sala OE, Schulze E-D. (Eds.) *Functional Roles of Biodiversity: A Global Perspective* John Wiley and Sons Ltd, Chichester, pp 393-429.
- Duke NC. 1995. Genetic diversity, distributional barriers and rafting continents more thoughts on the evolution of mangroves. *Hydrobiologia* 295: 167-181.
- Duke NC, Ball MC, Ellison JC. 1998. Factors influencing biodiversity and distributional gradients in mangroves. *Global Ecology and Biogeography Letters, Mangrove Special Issue* 7: 27-47.
- Eros C, Marsh H, Bonde R, O'Shea T, Beck C, Recchia C, Dobbs K. 2000. Procedures for the salvage and necropsy of the dugong (*Dugong dugon*). Research Publication No. 64, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, 74 pp.
- Fabricius KE, De'ath G. 2001. Biodiversity on the Great Barrier Reef: large-scale patterns and turbidity-related local loss of soft coral taxa. Pp 127 144. In: Wolanski E. (Ed.) *Oceanographic processes of coral reefs: physical and biological links in the Great Barrier Reef.* CRC Press, London.
- Floerl O, Inglis GJ. 2000. Marine bioinvasions: quantifying the potential of a transfer vector by analysing its relationship with the donor region. Proceedings of the ICES Annual Science Conference, Brugge, Belgium, 27-30 September 2000, 7 pp.
- Floerl O, Inglis GJ. 2001. Human influences on the contagion of non-indigenous marine species in boat harbours. Extended abstract, 2nd Marine Bioinvasions Conference, New Orleans. April 9-11, 2001.
- Heatwole H, O'Neill P, Jones M, Preker M. 1996. Long-term population trends of seabirds on the Swains Reefs, Great Barrier Reef. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 12. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 50 pp.
- Hulsman K, O'Neill P, Stokes T. 1997. Current Status and Trends of Seabirds on the Great Barrier Reef. In: Wachenfeld D, Oliver J, Davis K. (Eds.) *State of the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area Workshop*. Townsville, 27-29 November 1995, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Workshop Series No 23. GBRMPA, Townsville: 259-282.
- Hulsman K, O'Neill P, Stokes T, Warnett M. 1997. Threats, status, trends and management of seabirds on the Great Barrier Reef. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, 1: 164-177.
- Lawler I, Marsh H. 2000. Distribution and abundance of the dugong in Hervey Bay Great Sandy Straits. November 1999. Report to the Queensland Parks and Wildlife Service, August 2000.
- Marsh H, Corkeron P. 1997. The status of the dugong in the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park. In: Wachenfeld D, Oliver J, Davis K. (Eds.) *State of the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area Workshop*. Townsville, 27-29 November 1995, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Workshop Series No 23. GBRMPA, Townsville: 231-247.
- Marsh H, Lefebvre LW. 1994. Sirenian status and conservation efforts. *Aquatic Mammals* 20: 155-170.

- Marsh H. 1995. The limits of detectable change. In: Grigg GC, Hale PT, Lunney D. (Eds.) *Conservation through Sustainable Use of Wildlife*. Surrey Beatty and Sons, Sydney 21: 122-130.
- Marsh H. 2000. Evaluating management initiatives aimed at reducing the mortality of dugongs in gill and mesh nets in the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area. *Marine Mammal Science* 16: 684-694.
- Marsh H. in press. Dugongs. In: Perrin W. (Ed.) *Encylopaedia of Marine Mammals*. Academic Press.
- Marsh H. in press. Reproduction in sirenians. In: Reynolds JE, Twiss JR. (Eds.) *Marine Mammals*. Smithsonian Institution Press: 243-256.
- Marsh H, Arnold PW, Limpus CJ, Birtles A, Breen B, Robins J, Williams R. 1997. Endangered and charismatic megafauna. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, 1: 124-138.
- Marsh H, Corkeron P, Lawler I, Preen A. 1996. The status of the dugong in the southern Great Barrier Reef Marine Park. GBRMPA Research Publication, No. 41.
- Marsh H, Corkeron PJ, Limpus CJ, Shaughnessy PD, Ward TM. 1993. Conserving marine mammals and reptiles in Australia and Oceania. In: Moritz C, Kikkawa J. (Eds.) *Conservation Biology in Australia and Oceania* Surrey Beatty and Sons, Chipping Norton, Australia. 22: 225-244.
- Marsh H, Corkeron PJ, Limpus CJ, Shaughnessy PD, Ward TM. 1995. The reptiles and mammals in Australian seas: their status and management. In: Zann LP, Kailola P. (Eds.) *State of the Marine Environment Report* Technical Annex, AGPS: 151-166.
- Marsh H, Eros C, Corkeron P, Breen B. 1999. A conservation strategy for dugongs: implications of Australian research. *Mar. Freshw. Res.* 50: 979-990.
- O'Neill P, Heatwole H, Preker M, Jones M. 1996. Populations, movements and site fidelity of brown and masked boobies on the Swains Reefs, Great Barrier Reef, as shown by banding recoveries. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 11. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 36 pp.
- Oemcke DJ. 1998. Roles for ultraviolet disinfection in ballast water treatment. In: Goonetilleke, A. (Ed.) *Environmental solutions for the real world Second Queensland Environmental Conference*, Brisbane, 28-29 May 1998: 92-99.
- Oemcke DJ. 1998. The treatment of ships' ballast water to remove exotic marine pests: research in north Queensland. *Reef Research* 8: 16-18.
- Oemcke DJ. 1998. Potential roles for ozone and ultraviolet irradiation in ballast water treatment. Abstract of presentation in: Report of the ICES/IOC/IMO Study Group on Ballast Water and Sediments, ICES CM 1998/ACME: 5 Ref.:E
- Oemcke D. 1999. Comparing ballast water treatments on a cost-benefit basis: the balance of needs. In: Hillman S. (Ed.) *The Ballast Water Problem where to from here?* Ecoports Monograph Series No. 19: 127-129.
- Oemcke D. 1999. Solids separation and irradiation in ballast water treatment. In: Hillman S. (Ed.) *The Ballast Water Problem Where to from here?* Ecoports Monograph Series 19: 154-157.
- Oemcke D. 1999. The treatment of ships' ballast water. Ecoports Monograph Series No. 18, Ports Corporation of Queensland, Brisbane, 102 pp.
- Oemcke DJ. 1999. *Investigation of options for the treatment and management of ships' ballast water.* PhD Thesis, School of Engineering (Civil and Environmental), James Cook University, 261 pp.

- Oemcke DJ. 1999. Future research on ballast water treatment a technologist's view. In: Pedersen J. (Ed.) *Marine Bioinvasions*. Proceedings of the First National Conference Conference, Boston, 24-27 January: 326-336.
- Oemcke DJ. 1999. Ballast water pilot treatment project. Report by GHD Pty Ltd for the Ports Corporation of Queensland, 14 pp.
- Oemcke D, van Leeuwen J. 1996. Conceptual treatment systems and research needs for ozonation in the removal of exotic organisms from ships ballast water of ballast water. "DownUnder96" Proceedings of the 1st Australian Conference of the International Ozone Association 1: III-94-III-102.
- Oemcke DJ, van Leeuwen J. 1998. Chemical and physical characteristics of ballast water: implications for treatment processes and sampling methods. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 23. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 44 pp.
- Oemcke DJ, van Leeuwen J. 1998. Potential of ozone for ballast water treatment. Report to Australian Quarantine and Inspection Service, 40 pp.
- Oemcke DJ, Van Leeuwen J. in press. Chemical and physical characterisation of ballast water: Part 1. Effects on ballast water treatment processes. *J. Mar. Environ. Engin.*
- Oemcke DJ, Van Leeuwen J. in press. Chemical and physical characterisation of ballast water: Part 2. Determining the efficiency of ballast exchange. *J. Mar. Environ. Engin.*
- Preen A, Lee Long WJ, Coles RG. 1994. Flood and cyclone related loss and partial recovery of more than 1000 km² of seagrass in Hervey Bay, Queensland, Australia. Report to the Department of Environment and Heritage, Queensland, 12p.
- Preen AR, Marsh H. 1995. Response of dugongs to large-scale loss of seagrass from Hervey Bay, Queensland, Australia. *Wildlife Research* 22: 507-519.
- Preen AR. 1998. Marine protected areas and dugong conservation along Australia's Indian Ocean coast. *Environmental Management* 22: 173-181.
- Preen AR, Lee Long WJ, Coles RG. 1995. Flood and cyclone related loss, and partial recovery, of more than 1000 km² of seagrass in Hervey Bay, Queensland, Australia. *Aquatic Botany* 52: 3-17.
- Robertson AI, Lee Long WJ, Coles RG, Pearson RG, Hegerl EJ. 1996. Impacts of land and water use practices on riparian areas, wetlands, estuaries and coastal seagrasses. In: Hunter HM, Eyle, AG, Rayment GE. (Eds.) *National Conference on Downstream Effects of Land Use,* Rockhampton, 26-28 April 1995. Department of Natural Resources, Queensland: 45-47.
- Tikel D, Blair D, Marsh HD. 1996. Marine mammal faeces as a source of DNA. *Molecular Ecology* 5: 456-457.

5. Sustainable Fishing

CRC Reef has committed a significant proportion of funding to research to enhance our understanding of the sustainability of fishing in the Great Barrier Reef. Research has stressed both biological information on target species, and assessment of fishers, including the dynamics of fishing fleets and socio-economic evaluation of fishing communities. This information is used in management of fisheries and the natural resources on which the fisheries rely.

- Extensive socio-financial data has been collected that thoroughly describes the
 commercial fishing industry in Queensland. For the first time, links have been
 made between areas of the marine resource that are fished; the profile of the
 people that fish there; and the social and financial networks that these people
 have with the local and broader community.
- The data has been presented in a user-friendly way that allows both managers and industry to access the information. The data is presented as an interactive database on CD-ROM. This data is especially useful for managers, since it enables potential social impacts associated with changes in fisheries and marine policy to be assessed. The data allows proposed policy change scenarios to be tested in advance. This data is useful for both managers and industry in assessing the current status of commercial fishing in Queensland.
- CRC Reef researchers are examining the effects of line fishing on a range of reef
 fish. The project is developing tools to evaluate and fine-tune management
 strategies for the line fishing industry before they are implemented.
- The Effects of Line Fishing (ELF) experiment has successfully implemented one
 the largest manipulative experiments ever undertaken to address explicitly the
 dynamic impacts of fishing on target and non-target species.

- CRC Reef and CSIRO researchers have developed a world-leading set of dynamic simulations that allow quantitative assessments of the strengths and weaknesses of harvest strategies and their potential to meet a range of stakeholder objectives. The models are spatially structured to capture the complexity of the Great Barrier Reef (GBR). They allow simulation of a complex array of population dynamics of target species, dynamics of fishing fleets, and range of spatial, temporal and harvest management strategies.
- A range of stakeholders have been engaged in the development of research objectives. A key focus for the ELF research has been operational objectives for management of the line fishery, and terms of reference for management strategy evaluations.
- CRC Reef researchers completed the first comprehensive descriptive analyses of the commercial reef line fishery, allowing more informed decisions about relevant performance indicators for management.
- New information about the age, growth and reproductive biology of a range of
 harvested target and by-catch reef fish have been gathered and provided to
 management and industry stakeholders to assist with management of the reef
 line fishery, for example by setting appropriate size limits for harvest.
- Comprehensive analyses of the social and motivational characteristics have been made of spear fishers on the GBR.
- The social, economic and motivational characteristics of the marine aquarium fish fishers have been analysed for on the GBR.
- The effects of the growing trade in live food fish on the operational dynamics and catch rates of the commercial reef line fishery has been documented.
- CRC Reef researchers were appointed to the key management advisory
 committees for the reef line fishery (ReefMAC, QFMA) and fisheries in the GBR

Marine Park (Fisheries RAC, GBRMPA). These positions ensured significant transfer of information from research into policy forums.

- Adams S, Mapstone BD, Russ GR, Davies CR. 2000. Geographic variation in the sex ratio, sex specific size, and age structure of *Plectropomus leopardus* (Serranidae) between reefs open and closed to fishing on the Great Barrier Reef. *Can. J. Fish. Aquat. Sci.* 57: 1448-1458.
- Campbell RA, Mapstone BD, Smith ADM. in press. Large scale experimental design for measuring the effects of line fishing on the Great Barrier Reef, Australia. *Ecological Applications*.
- Cappo M, Brown IW. 1996. Evaluation of sampling methods for reef fish populations of commercial and recreational interest, CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 6, CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 72 p.
- Fenton DM, Coakes S, Marshall NA. 2001. Social assessment and natural resource management: the development and application of Town Resource Cluster Analysis (TRC-Analysis). In: Becker H, Vanclay F. (Eds.) *International Handbook of Social Assessment*. Cheltenham: Edward Elgar Publishing
- Fenton DM, Marshall NA. 2001. A guide to the fishers of Queensland. Part A. TRC-Analysis and social profiles of Queensland's commercial fishing industry. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 36. Townsville. 207 pp.
- Fenton DM, Marshall NA. 2001. A guide to the fishers of Queensland. Part A. TRC-Analysis and social profiles of Queensland's harvest fishing Industry. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 37. Townsville. 67 pp.
- Fenton DM, Marshall NA. 2001. *A guide to the fishers of Queensland. Part A. TRC-analysis and social profiles of Queensland's charter fishing industry.* CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 38. Townsville. 107 pp.
- Fenton DM, Marshall NA. 2001. A scoping study: a social assessment of tourism and recreation in the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park. CRC Reef Research Centre, Internal Report, June 2001.
- Fenton DM, Marshall NA, Edgar SE. 2001. A guide to the commercial fishers of Queensland: an interactive database. CRC Reef Research Centre.
- Fenton DM, Marshall NA. In press. Social assessment of the commercial fishing industry in the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park: the application of TRC-Analysis in identifying primary and secondary resource catchments. Proc. of the 9^{th} Int. Coral Reef Symp.
- Fulton E, Kault D, Mapstone B, Sheaves M. 1999. Spawning season influences on commercial catch rates: computer simulations and *Plectropomus leopardus*, a case in point. *Can. J. Fish. Aquat. Sci.* 56: 1096-1108.
- Higgs J. 1997. Fishing club activities on the Great Barrier Reef. In: Wachenfeld D, Oliver J,
 Davis K. (Eds.) State of the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area Workshop. Townsville, 27-29 November 1995, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Workshop Series No 23.
 GBRMPA, Townsville: 335-345.
- Higgs J. 1997. Overview and analysis of the Queensland Boating and Fisheries Patrol, Field Occurrence Log System. Report to Department of Primary Industries, 44pp

- Higgs JB. 1996. A review of published fisheries dependent and independent surveys of the recreational GBR line fisheries and demersal reef fish stocks. Independent review conducted for the Queensland Fisheries Management Authority, April 1996.
- Jones A, Mapstone BD, Davies CR. 2000. Report on the Effects of Line Fishing Project: Management Stategy Evaluation. 1st Stakeholder Workshop, December 1999, 29 pp.
- Jones GP, Doherty PJ, Mapstone BD, Howlett L. (Eds.) 1998. *ReeFish '95: Recruitment and Population Dynamics of Coral Reef Fishes.* CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, Australia: 112-114.
- Kritzer JP, Fujita R. 1999. Case studies of severe marine resource depletion by small vessel and small fleet fisheries. Environmental Defense Fund Oceans Program Report, Oakland, California, U.S.A., 7 pp.
- Kritzer JP, Davies CR, Mapstone BD. in press. Characterizing fish populations: effects of sample size and population structure on the precision of demographic parameter estimates. *Can. J. Fish. Aquat. Sci.*
- Laursen T, Russ GR, Higgs J, Newman SJ. 1999. Age, growth and mortality of *Gymnocranius audleyi* (Pisces: Lethrinidae) on the Great Barrier Reef. *Asian Fisheries Science* 12: 187-200.
- Mapstone BD. 1995. Scalable decision rules in environmental impact assessment: effect size, Type I, and Type II errors. *Ecological Applications*. 5: 401-410.
- Mapstone BD. 1996. Scalable decision criteria in environmental impact assessment: effect size, Type I, and Type II errors. In: Schmitt RJ, Osenberg CW. (Eds.). *Detecting Ecological Impacts: Concepts and Applications in Coastal Habitats*. Academic Press. 401pp.
- Mapstone BD, Ayling AM. 1998. An investigation of optimum methods and unit sizes for the visual estimation of abundances of some coral reef organisms Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Research Publication Series. No. 47, 70pp.
- Mapstone BD, Ayling AM, Choat JH. 1998. Habitat, cross shelf, and regional patterns in the distributions and abundances of some coral reef organisms on the northern Great Barrier Reef, with comment on the implications for future monitoring. Research Publication No. 48. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority. Townsville. 71pp.
- Mapstone BD, Ayling AM, Choat JH. 1998. Scales and magnitudes of variation in population densities of some coral reef organisms: Implications for the design of sampling and monitoring procedures. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Research Publication Series. No. 49, 77pp.
- Mapstone BD, Ayling AM, Choat JH. 1999. A visual survey of demersal biota in the Cairns Section of the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Research Publication Series. No. 61, 70pp.
- Mapstone BD, Campbell RA, Smith ADM. 1996. Design of experimental investigations of the effects of line and spear fishing on the Great Barrier Reef. CRC Reef Research Centre, Technical Report No. 7. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 86 p.
- Mapstone B, Davies CR. 1998. Science, fisheries and coral reefs can management be done differently? In: Jones GP, Doherty PJ, Mapstone BD, Howlett L. (Eds.) *ReeFish '95: Recruitment and Population Dynamics of Coral Reef Fishes* CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, Australia: 268-271.
- Mapstone BD, Davies CR, Robertson JW. 1997. The effects of line fishing on the Great Barrier Reef: available evidence and future directions. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, 1: 178-192.
- Mapstone BD, Davies CR, Slade SJ, Jones A, Kane KJ, Williams AJ. 2000. Effects of live fish trading and targeting spawning aggregations on fleet dynamics, catch characteristics, and

- resource exploitation by the Queensland commercial demersal reef line fishery. Report to Fisheries Research and Development Corporation. Project No. 96/138, 80 pp.
- Mapstone BD, McKinlay JP, Davies CR. 1996. A description of the commercial reef line fishery logbook data held by the Queensland Fisheries Management Authority. QFMA Publication Series, Brisbane, 480 pp.
- McPherson GR. 1996. Age determination in reef fish populations using objective techniques such as otolith weight measurements. Report to CRC Reef Research Centre, 29 pp.
- Nakaya S. 1999. Understanding behaviour, motivations and attitudes of spearfishers on the Great Barrier Reef through the multidimensional specialisation concept. PhD Thesis, Department of Tropical Environment Studies and Geography, James Cook University, 219 pp.
- Punt AE, Smith ADM, Davidson AJ, Mapstone BD, Davies CR. in press. Evaluating the scientific benefits of spatially explicit experimental manipulations of common coral trout, *Plectropomus leopardus*, populations on the Great Barrier Reef, Australia. In: Spatial processes and management of fish populations. Proceedings of the 17th Lowell Wakefield Fisheries Symposium, Anchorage, Alaska, USA, October 1999.
- Russ GR, Lou DC, Ferreira BP. 1996. Temporal tracking of a strong cohort in the population of a coral reef fish, the coral trout, *Plectropomus leopardus* (Serranidae: Epinephelinae), in the central Great Barrier Reef, Australia. *Can. J. Fish. Aquat. Sci.* 53: 2745-2751.
- Russ GR, Lou DC, Ferreira BP. 1995. A long-term study on population structure of the coral trout, *Plectropomus leopardus*, on reefs open and closed to fishing in the central Great Barrier Reef, Australia. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 3. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 30 p.
- Russ GR, Lou DC, Davies CR, Mapstone BD. in press. The effects of management zoning and region on the age structure of the common coral trout on the Great Barrier Reef, Australia. *Can. J. Fish. Aquat. Sci.*
- Russ GR, Lou DC, Davies CR, Mapstone BD. in press. The implications of using the relationship between otolith weight and age to predict age structure of a fish population in space and time. *J. Fish Biology*.
- Russ GR, Lou DC, Higgs J, Ferreira BP. 1998. Mortality rate of a cohort of the coral trout, *Plectropomus leopardus*, in zones of the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park closed to fishing. *Mar. Freshw. Res.* 49: 507-511.
- Russ GR, Lou DC, Slade SJ, Wilson DT, Brown I. 1997. The effects of management zoning and region on the age structure of the common coral trout on the Great Barrier Reef: Baseline catch survey for the effects of Line fishing experiment. Report to CRC Reef Research Centre, November 1997, 13 pp.
- Russ GR, Lou DC, Slade SJ, Wilson DT, Brown I. 1998. The effects of the 1997 ELF line fishing manipulation on the age structure of the common coral trout. Report to CRC Reef Research Centre, June 1998, 19 pp.
- Samoilys M. 1997. Periodicity of spawning aggregations of coral trout *Plectropomus leopardus* (Pisces: Serranidae) on the northern Great Barrier Reef. *Mar. Ecol. Prog. Ser.* 160: 149-159.
- Samoilys MA, Roelofs A. 2000. Defining the reproductive biology of a large serranid *Plectropomus leopardus*. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 31. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 36 pp.
- Smith T. 1998. An investigative study of the attitudes of recreational fishers in the Townsville region towards three common regulations, Honours Thesis, James Cook University.
- St. John J, Russ GR, Brown I, Squire L. in press. Diet of *Plectropomus leopardus* on reefs closed and open to fishing on the Great Barrier Reef. *Fishery Bulletin*.

- Thompson AA, Mapstone BD. 1997. Observer effects and training in underwater visual surveys of reef fishes. *Mar. Ecol. Prog. Ser.* 154: 53-63.
- Turnbull CT, Samoilys MA. 1997. Effectiveness of spawning closures in managing the line fishery on the Great Barrier Reef. Report to REEFMAC of the QMFA, 28 pp.
- Zeller D, Russ GR. 2000. Population estimates and size structure of *Plectropomus leopardus* (Pisces: Epinephelinae): mark-release-resighting. *Mar. Freshwater. Res.* 51: 221-28.

6. Sustainable Tourism

Tourism on the Great Barrier Reef contributes around two billion dollars to the Australian economy each year. CRC Reef research has been involved in assessing the needs of both tourists and the tourism industry to ensure the reef is protected and the industry is sustainable.

- The first comprehensive database about tourists to the Great Barrier Reef (GBR)
 was developed. It included their demographic and travel profiles; their
 motivations and expectations; and their satisfaction with existing operations. The
 resulting market profiles were used to develop promotional campaigns, adjust
 existing products and test new products.
- Patterns of reef travel were examined, including repeat visitation. The research
 identified a trend for repeat reef visitors to move from larger to smaller boats.
 This has implications for future levels of reef use. The role played by commercial
 operations in providing access to the GBR for regional recreation was identified.
- The researchers explored existing data and found trends in international
 ecotourism which suggested that the development of very small scale
 ecotourism ventures would not be a viable alternative to larger scale reef
 operations.
- Factors that contribute to reef visitor satisfaction were identified, including the need for more and better quality interpretation; and more focus on reef and safety information for non-English speaking visitors.
- The establishment of a baseline of visitor profiles, activity participation and destination choice is a valuable resource for longer-term studies of changing patterns of reef tourism.

- Two interpretive products developed by GBRMPA were evaluated for use with reef tourists. Methods to improve these products were suggested.
- Telephone surveys of Australian residents detailed public perceptions of the
 environmental status of the GBR; threats to its well being; and patterns of
 recreational and tourist use. The data provides a series of management
 performance indicators and a baseline to evaluate the effectiveness of
 educational and promotional campaigns run by GBRMPA or the reef tourism
 industry.
- An understanding of recreational use of the GBR was identified as a major information need by both tourism industry and management stakeholders. Data was collected to address this need and is being used by GBRMPA in its Representative Areas Program.
- The interactions between wildlife and tourists has been examined in a study that focusses on populations of dwarf minke whales. Researchers have worked closely with tourism operators to devise best-practice ways to allow satisfactory experiences for tourists without negative impacts on the whales. A range of interpretive material has been produced. Researchers have also collected biological information about minke whales and learnt about movement patterns and ecology of the species.
- A Cyclone Wave Atlas and Pontoon Guidelines prepared by CRC Reef researchers will assist GBRMPA and the tourism industry to achieve world's best practice in optimising construction and mooring of offshore structures in the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area.
- Studies of a new screw anchor mooring systems have assisted a Townsville marine company to install these eco-friendly anchor systems at popular spots within the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park.
- Research on the environmental impacts of SCUBA divers on the Great Barrier
 Reef involved working collaboratively with the marine tourism industry to assist

- social and ecological planning for tourism experiences. The results of the study have influenced Dive Queensland's scuba training programs and codes of practice used by dive operators, such as revised pre-dive briefings and instructor training programs.
- Several island resorts have improved their recycled irrigation systems following
 the results of groundwater monitoring studies to track nutrients around their
 coastal gardens, lawns and golf courses.
- The CRC Reef review of social impact assessment was a leading-edge
 publication which assisted managers and others develop a better appreciation of
 social impact assessment concepts and practices as they relate to the GBR.

- Abbott TE, Inglis G. 1997. Time lapse video monitoring of Manta Ray Bay, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park. In: Amiel MS, Vischer JC. (Eds) *Space Design and Management for Place Making, Proceedings of the 28th Annual Conference of the Environmental Design Research Association, Edmond, Oklahoma.* 107-113.
- Alcock D, Crossland C. 1998. Tourism: The key player in the ecologically sustainable development of the Great Barrier Reef. In: Miller ML, Auyong J (Eds) *Proceedings of the 1996 World Congress on Coastal and Marine Tourism. Seattle, WA*: pp. 89-95.
- Alcock D, Crossland C. 1999. Tourism: The key player in the ecologically sustainable development of the Great Barrier Reef. *Pesisir and Lautan* 2: 35-43.
- Arnold PW, Birtles RA. 1999. Towards sustainable management of the developing dwarf minke whale tourism industry in northern Queensland. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 27. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 30 pp.
- Birtles A, Cuthill M, Valentine P, Davis D. 1996. Incorporating research on visitor experiences into ecologically sustainable management of whale shark tourism. In: Richins H, Richardson J, Crabtree A. (eds). *Ecotourism and Nature-Based Tourism: Taking the Next Steps.* Ecotourism Association of Australia, Brisbane. pp. 195-202.
- Britton MF, Johnston AJ. 1997. Pontoon dynamics in a coral reef lagoon: numerical modelling and field studies. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, 2: 105-110.
- Burns D, Murphy L. 1998. An analysis of the promotion of marine tourism in Far North Queensland, Australia. In: Laws E, Faulkner B, Moscardo G. (Eds.) *Embracing and Managing Change in Tourism: International case studies*. London: Routledge: 415-430.
- Burns DL. 1997. A profile of marine tourism marketing and future options. Reef Tourism 2005 Report, Cairns, 56 pp.
- Davis D, Birtles RA, Valentine PS, Cuthill M. 1997. Whale sharks in Ningaloo Marine Park: Managing tourism in an Australian marine park. Tourism Management 18: 259-271.

- Fenton DM, Young M, Johnson VY. 1997. Re-presenting the Great Barrier Reef to tourists: implications for tourism experience and evaluation of coral reef environments. *Leisure Sciences* 20: 177.
- Gallagher MR, Volker RE, Menzies NW. 1999. Numerical predictions of the nitrogen balance for effluent irrigated lawns on islands in the Great Barrier Reef. Water 99 Joint Congress, Brisbane, 6-8 July 1999: 557-562.
- Green D. 1997. The development and evaluation of activity schedules for tourists on one-day commercial reef trips. CRC Reef Technical Report No 18. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 29 pp.
- Green D, Moscardo G., Greenwood T, Pearce P, Arthur M, Clark A, Woods B. 1999. *Understanding public perceptions of the Great Barrier Reef and its management.* CRC Reef
 Research Centre Technical Report No. 29. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 64 pp.
- Greenwood T, Moscardo G. 1999. Australian and North American coastal and marine tourists: what do they want? In: Saxena N. (Ed.) *Recent Advances in Marine Science and Technology 98*, Korea Ocean Research and Development Institute and Pacon International, Seoul: 253-260.
- Howe S. 1998. Bareboating in the Whitsundays the importance of interpretation and its role in the preservation of the Great Barrier Reef. Bachelor of Administration (Tourism) Honours Thesis, Tourism Department, James Cook University, 120 pp.
- Inglis GJ. 1997. Science and tourism infrastructure on the Great Barrier Reef: learning from experience or just 'muddling through'? *Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996.* Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority 1: 319-334.
- Inglis GJ, Johnson VI, Ponte F. 1999. Crowding norms in marine settings: a case study of snorkeling on the Great Barrier Reef. *Environmental Management* 24: 369-381.
- Kapitzke IR. 1999. Sustainable infrastructure development on the Great Barrier Reef. In: Coasts and Ports '99, Challenges and Directions for the New Century. *Proceedings of the 14th Australasian Coastal and Ocean Engineering Conference and the 7th Australasian Port and Harbour Conference, Perth, WA*: 323-328.
- Kim E, Lee D. 1998. Japanese tourists' attitudes towards natural environments in North Qld region -reef experience. The Role of Tourism: National and Regional Perspectives (Series A), Conference Proceedings of the Fourth Asia Pacific Tourism Association (APTA) Conference, Pusan, Korea, 18-21 August 1998: 331-344.
- Kim E, Moscardo G, Woods B, Pearce P. 1998. *The Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Training Package: A participant Evaluation.* CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 20. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 20 pp.
- Kim EYJ. 1999. Asian coastal and marine tourists: who are they? In: Saxena N. (Ed) *Recent Advances in Marine Science and Technology 98*, Korea Ocean Research and Development Institute and Pacon International, Seoul: 261-268.
- Kim YJ, Pearce PL. 1997. The international significance of tourism studies. *Journal of Tourism Science* 21: 268-277.
- Laws E, Faulkner B, Moscardo G. 1998. Embracing and managing change in tourism: International case studies. In: Laws E, Faulkner B, Moscardo G. (Eds) *Embracing and Managing Change in Tourism: International case studies.* London: Routledge: 1-10.
- Moscardo G. 1996. Mindful visitors heritage and tourism. Annals of Tourism Research 23(2): 376-397.
- Moscardo G. 1996. Using tourism research to develop new tourism products: Creating sustainable tourism experiences for the Great Barrier Reef. In: *Its Showtime for Tourism:*

- *New Products, Markets and Technologies.* Travel and Tourism Research Association, Lexington, Kentucky: 57-65.
- Moscardo G. 1997. A social science research agenda for ecologically sustainable tourism in reef and rainforest areas. Discussion paper prepared for CRC Reef Research Centre and CRC TREM, 40 pp.
- Moscardo G. 1997. Principles for effective interpretation: what we have learnt from 100 years of presenting heritage to visitors. In: *Interpretation in Action*. Interpretation Association Australia, Bendigo. 7-18.
- Moscardo G. 1997. Sustainable tourism and the environment. In: Gee CY. (Ed.) *International Tourism: A Global Perspective.* World Tourism Organization, Madrid: 253-276.
- Moscardo G. 1998. Enhancing marine interpretation through better understanding visitors. In: Millar ML, Auyong J. (Eds.) *Experiences in management and development: Proceedings of the 1996 World Congress on Coastal and Marine Tourism, Seattle, WA*. Washington Sea Grant Program and School of Marine Affairs, University of Washington and Oregon Sea Grant College Program, Oregon State University: 342-345.
- Moscardo G. 1998. Interpretation and sustainable tourism: functions, examples and principles. *J. Tourism Studies* 9: 2-13.
- Moscardo G. 1998. Introduction to Part III. In: Laws E, Faulkner B, Moscardo G. (Eds.) *Embracing and Managing Change in Tourism: International case studies.* London: Routledge: 281-284
- Moscardo G. 1998. Understanding patterns of travel in the Great Barrier Reef region:
 Implications for management of coastal and marine tourism. In: Millar ML, Auyong J.
 (Eds): Experiences in management and development. Proceedings of the 1996 World Congress on Coastal and Marine Tourism. Seattle, WA: Washington Sea Grant Program and School of Marine Affairs, University of Washington and Oregon Sea Grant College Program, Oregon State University: 173-178.
- Moscardo G. 1999. Communicating with two million tourists: a formative evaluation of an interpretive brochure. *Journal of Interpretation Research* 4: 21-37.
- Moscardo G. 1999. *Making visitors mindful: principles for creating sustainable visitor experiences through effective communication*. Champaign, Illinois: Sagamore Press, 132 pp.
- Moscardo G. 1999. Supporting ecologically sustainable tourism on the Great Barrier Reef: the importance of visitor research. In: Molloy J, Davies J. (Ed) *Tourism and Hospitality: Delighting the Senses*. Canberra: Bureau of Tourism Research. 236-253.
- Moscardo G. 2000. Understanding wildlife tourism market segments: an Australian marine study. *Human Dimensions of Wildlife* 5: 36-53.
- Moscardo G, Black N. 1998. From the far horizons to the jewelled sea: Examining concepts of place in two Australian tourism settings. In: Faulkner B, Tideswell C, Weaver D. (Eds) *Progress in Tourism and Hospitality Research*. Canberra: BTR: pp 334-346.
- Moscardo G, Green D, Greenwood T. 2000. How great is the Great Barrier Reef? Tourists' knowledge and understanding of the World Heritage Status of the Great Barrier Reef. *Tourism Recreation Research* 26: 19-26.
- Moscardo G, Morrison AM, Cai L, Nadkarni N, O'Leary JT. 1996. Tourist perspectives on cruising: Multidimensional scaling analyses of cruising and other holiday types. *Journal of Tourism Studies* 7: 54-63.
- Moscardo G, Pearce P, Woods B, Murphy L, Ross G. 1997. Quality reef tourism: Building a web of strategic knowledge. In: Wachenfeld D, Oliver J, Davis K. (Eds.) *State of the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area Workshop*. Townsville, 27-29 November 1995, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Workshop Series No 23. GBRMPA, Townsville pp 428-451.

- Moscardo G, Woods B, Pearce PL. 1997. Evaluating the Effectiveness of Pictorial Symbols in Reef Visitor Education. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 15. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 30 pp.
- Murphy L. 1998. Kangaroos, koalas and vegemite: backpackers' images of Australia as a holiday destination. In: Faulkner B, Tideswell C, Weaver D. (Eds) *Progress in Tourism and Hospitality Research*. Canberra: BTR: 348-365.
- Musso BM, Inglis GJ. 1998. *Developing reliable coral reef monitoring programs for marine tourism operators and community volunteers.* CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 24. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 134 pp.
- Pearce P, Green D, Moscardo G. 1997. Intrastate, interstate and international visitors to Queensland: An activity based segmentation. Report to the QTTC, 95 pp.
- Pearce P, Moscardo G, Woods B. 1997. Understanding the tourist market. *Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference.* Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority 1: 343-352.
- Pearce PL, Greenwood T. 1999. And then her snorkel filled with water...analysing critical reef tourism situations. In: Molloy J, Davies J. (Ed.) *Tourism and Hospitality: Delighting the Senses.* Canberra: Bureau of Tourism Research 222-234.
- Pearce PL. 1996. Recent research in tourist behaviour. *Asia Pacific Journal of Tourism Research* 1: 7-17.
- Pearce PL. 1997. Tourism market segments and travel psychology. In: Gee CY. (Ed.) *International Tourism: A Global Perspective*. World Tourism Organization, Madrid pp 137-156.
- Pearce PL, Morrison AM, Scott N, O'Leary JT, Nadkarni N, Moscardo GM. 1996. The holiday market in Queensland: Building an understanding of visitors staying in commercial accommodation. Proceedings of the Australian Tourism and Hospitality Research Conference, Coffs Harbour, February 1996. In: Prosser G. (Ed.) *Tourism and Hospitality Research: Australian and International Perspectives* pp 427-439, Canberra, Bureau of Tourism Research.
- Pearce PL. 1995. Recent research in tourist behaviour. Proceedings of the Asia Pacific Tourism Association Inaugural Conference, Pusan, Korea, September 1995 pp 139-165.
- Plathong S, Inglis GJ, Huber ME. 2000. Effects of self-guided snorkeling trails on coral reefs in a tropical marine park. *Conservation Biology* 14: 1821-1830.
- Rouphael T, Inglis G. 1995. *The effects of qualified SCUBA divers on coral reefs*. CRC Reef Research Centre, Technical Report No. 4. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 39 p.
- Rouphael AB, Inglis GJ. 1997. Impacts of recreational SCUBA diving at sites with different reef topographies. *Biological Conservation* 82: 329-336.
- Rouphael A, Inglis GJ. 2001. "Take only photographs and leave only footprints?": an experimental study of the impacts of underwater photographers on coral reef dive sites. *Biological Conservation* 100: 281-287.
- Rouphael AB, G.J. Inglis (in press). Increased spatial and temporal variability in coral damage caused by recreational scuba diving. *Ecological Applications*
- Shafer CS, Benzaken D. 1998. User perceptions about marine wilderness on Australia's Great Barrier Reef. *Coastal Management* 26: 79-91.
- Shafer CS, Inglis GJ. 2000. Influence of social, biophysical and managerial conditions on tourism experiences within the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park. *Environmental Management* 26: 73-87.

- Shafer CS, Inglis GJ, Fenton DM, Johnson V, Marshall N. 1996. Visitor perceptions, participation and demographics: a report on the Frankland Island Cruise customers who experienced the Great Barrier Reef. Confidential Operator Report, July 1996.
- Shafer CS, Inglis GJ, Fenton DM, Johnson V, Marshall N. 1996. Visitor perceptions, participation and demographics: a report on Wavelength customers who experienced the Great Barrier Reef. Confidential Operator Report, July 1996.
- Shafer CS, Inglis GJ, Fenton DM, Johnson V, Marshall N. 1996. Visitor perceptions, participation and demographics: a report on Quicksilver customers who experienced the Great Barrier Reef. Confidential Operator Report, July 1996.
- Shafer CS, Inglis GJ, Fenton DM, Johnson V, Marshall N. 1996. Visitor perceptions, participation and demographics: a report on FantaSea customers who experienced the Great Barrier Reef. Confidential Operator Report, July 1996.
- Shafer CS, Inglis GJ, Johnson VY, Marshall NA. 1998. *Visitor experiences and perceived conditions on day trips to the Great Barrier Reef.* CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 21. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 76 pp.
- Sweatman HPA. 1996. *Impacts of tourist pontoons on fish assemblages on the Great Barrier Reef.* CRC Reef Research Centre, Technical Report No. 5. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 54 pp.
- Valentine P, Webb T, Marsh H, Lucas P. 1997. The Great Barrier Reef: multiple-use marine park and world heritage site. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority 1: 382-395.
- Valentine PS, Newling D, Wachenfeld D. 1997. *The estimation of visitor use from GBRMPA data returns*. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 16. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 54 pp.
- van Donderen K. 1995. *Investigation of grouted screw anchors subjected to uplift and lateral loads.*Bachelor of Engineering Thesis, Department of Civil and Systems Engineering, James Cook University.
- van Donderen K, Greensill B, Way B, Johnston AJ. 1997. Investigation of load capacities of mooring anchor systems. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, 2: 117-121.
- Volker RE, Gallagher MR. 1996. Significance of groundwater discharge of nitrate from resort islands of the Great Barrier Reef, Australia. Proceedings of the International Symposium on Groundwater Discharges to the Coastal Zone, Russian Academy of Science, Moscow, Russia, 6-10 July 1996, pp. 58.
- Volker RE, Gallagher MR, Johnston AJ. 1997. Environmental implications of wastewater management on resort islands of the Great Barrier Reef. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority 1: 152-163.
- White JC. 1999. *Investigation into the feasibility of constructing coral viewing platforms on tourist pontoons*. Masters Thesis, Department of Tropical Environment Studies and Geography, James Cook University, 137 pp.
- Woods B, Moscardo G. 1996. Understanding Australian, Japanese and Taiwanese Ecotourists in the Pacific Rim Region. In: Oppermann M. (Ed.) *Pacific Rim 2000: Issues, Interrelations, Inhibitors* Proceedings of the Pacific Rim 2000 Conference, 3-5 November 1996, Rotorua, New Zealand, pp 346-357.

- Woods B, Moscardo G. 1998. Researching interpretive techniques in tourism: an evaluation of the effectiveness of pictorial symbols in reef tourist education. In: Faulkner, B., Tideswell, C., Weaver, D. (Eds) *Progress in Tourism and Hospitality Research*. Canberra: BTR: 320-333.
- Woods B, Moscardo G. 1998. Understanding Australian, Japanese and Taiwanese ecotourists in the Pacific Rim region. *Pacific Tourism Review* 1: 329-339.
- Woods B, Moscardo G, Greenwood T. 1998. A critical review of readability and comprehensibility tests. *Journal of Tourism Studies* 9: 49-61.
- Woods B, Moscardo G, Verbeek M, Pearce PL. 1995. Activity based segmentation of the holiday market in Queensland Townsville/North Queensland Region; Cairns/Far North Queensland region; Mackay/Whitsundays Region; Fitzroy Region; Wide Bay Burnett Region; Sunshine Coast Region; Gold Coast Region; Brisbane Region; Brisbane Hinterland Region; Western Queensland Region; Darling Downs Region. Reports for the Queensland Tourist and Travel Corporation.

7. Oceanography, Geomorphology and Physical Processes

CRC Reef researchers have furthered our understanding of oceanography in the Great Barrier Reef and adjacent waters. This information will help biologists and managers to predict the movement of both organisms and pollutants in these waters. A knowledge of the most extreme ocean conditions that could be expected in reef waters is also vital to ensure that position and mooring of structures, such as tourism pontoons, are safe. A geological perspective on changes in the coastline and estuaries adjacent to the Great Barrier Reef enhances our understanding of the ways the humans have altered these environments.

- For about the last 6,000 years, sediments washed from the land into the Great Barrier Reef (GBR) lagoon have been retained close to the shoreline by the prevailing hydrodynamic regime of the GBR shelf. The sediments are stored in coastal depocentres north of the input, mostly in northward facing bays. There is no evidence for significant sedimentary deposits beyond the inner shelf (20 m depth contour) that are related to modern river discharge.
- Three types of coastline have been delineated along the GBR shoreline: north-facing, low energy embayments favouring accumulation of sediments (to the exclusion of coral reefs); south-southeast facing, high-energy embayments where reefs can flourish despite high sedimentation rates because of good topographic relief enhancing regular flushing of the reef surface; and curvilinear north-south open coasts where coral reefs exist but lack significant topographic relief.
- There is no documented threat to mid-shelf coral reefs from sedimentation associated with modern river input. River plumes which spread onto the middle GBR shelf contain relatively little sediment. Further, these coral reefs are unlikely to be under threat for many thousands of years because sediment supply to the coast is not a limiting factor in controlling turbidity or sediment accumulation at most coral reefs.

- The lower reaches of many rivers on the GBR coast are estuarine and fringed by mangrove swamps. The sediment dynamics of these estuarine mangrove systems plays a primary role in controlling fluxes of sediment between the land and the sea. In some small systems, mud is trapped within the estuary during wet seasons, but sand is removed to the coastline by a strong ebb tide generated at 'overbank' spring tides. Other larger systems trap sand in the longer term because of their length. It is simplistic to view these coastal systems as conduits for sediment delivery into the GBR lagoon.
- Many reefs of the GBR are in the nearshore zone, in highly turbid environments
 and associated with muddy sediments. These 'turbid-zone' coral reefs occur at
 these sites because sediments are in transit towards depocentres, and do not
 accumulate at the reefs for long enough to prevent coral growth. Such sites have
 probably been common throughout the 8,000-year duration of the GBR, probably
 as sites of coral reef formation and development.
- For the past 6,000 years, sea levels have been high. The Whitsunday Islands and many other mid-shelf granitic island groups have been largely removed from the sedimentary system associated with the coastline. This is partly because of the along-shelf tidal currents, but also because of the along-shelf wind-driven current associated with the south-east trade winds. Sediment accumulation around some islands and in some of their inlets have probably been dominated by cyclones.
- CRC Reef researchers have integrated data about the bathymetry of the GBR to give a better idea of its three-dimensional structure. The depths, volumes of water, slopes and roughness of the continental shelf, etc., was not previously available. Understanding that the GBR is, on average, only 34 metres deep leads to a greater appreciation of the fragility of this environment. Their research has produced a reference document that is useful for scientists and managers.
- Three-dimensional models of the ocean floor are essential to scientists modelling current movements to try to understand connectivity between reefs in the GBR.

These models can now be used in navigation systems and will be potentially valuable to all mariners.

Wave information is needed on the GBR for engineering design and marine park
management. A model capable of simulating tracks and central pressures of
cyclones was used to generate an ensemble of 6,000 tropical cyclones
representative of those in the GBR region. Wind speed and wave height models
generated high-resolution information which is available from an Atlas of Waves
on the GBR, stored on CD.

- Armsworth PR, Bode L. 1999. The consequences of non-passive advection and directed motion for population dynamics. *Proc. Roy. Soc. London*. A455: 4045-4060.
- Black KP, Gorman R, Burrage DM. in press. Assimilation of a 25-year historical current prediction in a Central Great Barrier Reef numerical model. *Continental Shelf Research*.
- Blake SG. 1997. The distribution of sediments and nutrients throughout the Whitsunday Islands inner shelf region, Great Barrier Reef. *Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996.* Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority 2: 5-11.
- Bode L, Hardy TA. 1997. Progress and recent developments in storm surge modelling. *Journal of Hydraulic Engineering, American Society of Civil Engineers* 123: 315–331.
- Bode L, Mason LB, Middleton JH. 1997. Reef parameterisation schemes with applications to tidal modelling. *Prog. Oceanog.* 40: 285-324.
- Bryce S. 1999. A sediment transport model for mesotidal estuaries of north Queensland. In: Heap AD. (Ed.) North Queensland Sedimentologists' 1st Annual Workshop: Extended Abstracts. School of Earth Sciences, James Cook University, Townsville, Australia: 92-95.
- Bryce S, Larcombe P, Ridd PV. 1998. The relative importance of landward-directed tidal sediment transport versus freshwater flood events in the Normanby River estuary, Cape York Peninsula, Australia. *Marine Geology* 149: 55-78
- Bryce S, Larcombe P, Ridd P. 1996. Sediment transport in the Normanby River estuary, northern Great Barrier Reef Shelf, Australia. In Larcombe P, Woolfe KJ, Purdon RG. (Eds) *Great Barrier Reef: Terrigenous Sediment Flux and Human Impacts, Second Edition -* November 1996, CRC Reef Research Centre, Current Research, Townsville, Australia: 40-44.
- Bryce S, Larcombe P, Ridd PV. 1998. The relative importance of landward-directed tidal sediment transport versus freshwater flood events in the Normanby River estuary, Cape York Peninsula, Australia. *Marine Geology* 149: 55-78
- Bunt JAC, Larcombe P, Jago CF. 1999. Quantifying the response of optical backscatter devices and transmissometers to variations in suspended particulate matter. *Continental Shelf Research* 19: 1199-1220.
- Burrage DM, Black KP, Steinberg CR. 1994. Long-term sea-level variations in the central Great Barrier Reef. *Continental Shelf Research* 15: 981-1014.

- Burrage DM, Steinberg CR, Bode L, Black KP. 1997. Long-term current observations in the Great Barrier Reef. In: Wachenfeld D, Oliver J, Davis K. (Eds) *State of the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area Workshop*. Townsville, 27-29 November 1995, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Workshop Series No 23. GBRMPA, Townsville: 21-45.
- Burrage DM, Steinberg CR, Skirving WJ, Kleypas JA. 1996. Mesoscale circulation features of the Great Barrier Reef Region inferred from NOAA satellite imagery. *Remote Sensing Env.* 56: 21-41.
- Costen A, Larcombe P, Purdon R, Woolfe K. 1996. Sedimentary processes at Paluma Shoals, an inner-shelf coral reef. In Larcombe P, Woolfe KJ, Purdon RG. (Eds.) *Great Barrier Reef: Terrigenous Sediment Flux and Human Impacts*, Second Edition November 1996. CRC Reef Research Centre, Current Research, Townsville, Australia: 47-50.
- Hardy TA, Young IR. 1996. Field study of wave attenuation on an offshore coral reef. *J. Geophysical Research* 101(C6): 14311-14326.
- Hardy TA, Mason LB, McConochie JD. 1998. Wave modelling in the Great Barrier Reef: incorporating sub-grid scale effects. 5th International Workshop on Wave Hindcasting and Forecasting, Environment Canada, Atmospheric Environmental Service pp 176-186.
- Hardy TA, Mason LB, McConochie JD. 1999. WAMGBR: Modelling tropical cyclone waves in the GBR. In: Coasts and Ports '99, Challenges and Directions for the New Century. Proceedings of the 14th Australasian Coastal and Ocean Engineering Conference and the 7th Australasian Port and Harbour Conference, Perth, WA, 14-16 April, 1999, pp 250-255.
- Hardy TA, Mason LB, McConochie JD. 2000. A wave model for the Great Barrier Reef. *Ocean Engineering* 28:45-70.
- Heap A, Woolfe K, Larcombe P. 1999. Late-Holocene geological evolution of sediment wedges next to the Whitsunday Islands. In: Heap AD. (Ed.) North Queensland Sedimentologists' 1st Annual Workshop: Extended Abstracts. School of Earth Sciences, James Cook University, Townsville, Australia: 6-12.
- Heap AD, Larcombe P, Woolfe KJ. 1999. Storm-dominated sedimentation in a protected basin fringed by coral reefs, Nara Inlet, Whitsunday Islands, Great Barrier Reef, Australia. *Australian Journal of Earth Sciences* 46: 443-451.
- Heap AD, Woolfe KJ, Stewart LK. 1999. Sediment composition and accumulation in a partially-protected tropical embayment, Nara Inlet, Whitsunday Islands, central Great Barrier Reef. Proceedings of the 4th Australian Marine Geoscience Conference, Exmouth, 26 September-1 October 1999: 24-25.
- James M, Mason LB. 1999. Generation of a synthetic tropical cyclone database. Proceedings of the 14th Australasian Coastal and Ocean Engineering Conference and the 7th Australasian Port and Harbour Conference, Perth, April 1999: 407-412.
- James MK, Mason LB, Bode L. 1997. Larval transport modelling in the Great Barrier Reef. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, 1: 361-376.
- Johnson DP. 1996. Knowledge summary of terrigenous input to the central Great Barrier Reef. In: Larcombe P, Woolfe KJ, Purdon RG. (Eds) *Great Barrier Reef: Terrigenous Sediment Flux and Human Impacts, Second Edition* November 1996, CRC Reef Research Centre, Current Research, Townsville, Australia: 86-90.
- Johnson DP, Larcombe P, Carter RM, Orpin A, Ridd PV, Woolfe KJ. 1997. Geoscience issues on the Great Barrier Reef: timescales for reef and shelf processes. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority 1: 225-241.

- Lambeck A, Woolfe K. 1999. Sediment mixing and transport in the northern Great Barrier Reef. In: Heap, A.D. (Ed.) North Queensland Sedimentologists' 1st Annual Workshop: Extended Abstracts. School of Earth Sciences, James Cook University, Townsville, Australia: 67-69.
- Lambeck A, Woolfe KJ. 2000. Composition and textural variability along the 10 m isobath, Great Barrier Reef: evidence for pervasive northward sediment transport. *Australian Journal of Earth Sciences* 47: 327-335.
- Larcombe P, Woolfe KJ. 1996. The influence of sea level and sediment transport on modern and Holocene growth of the Great Barrier Reef, Australia. In Larcombe P, Woolfe KJ, Purdon RG. (Eds.) *Great Barrier Reef: Terrigenous Sediment Flux and Human Impacts, Second Edition.* November 1996. CRC Reef Research Centre, Current Research, Townsville, Australia: 91-96.
- Larcombe P, Woolfe K. 1996. Effects of rapid sea-level rise upon inner-shelf sediment bodies and coral reefs. IGCP 367 Meeting, University of Sydney, November 1996 pp 42-43.
- Larcombe P, Woolfe K. 1999. The significance of sedimentary processes and sea-level changes on the initiation and development of the Great Barrier Reef. In: Heap AD. (Ed.) North Queensland Sedimentologists' 1st Annual Workshop: Extended Abstracts. School of Earth Sciences, James Cook University, Townsville, Australia. pp 98-101.
- Larcombe P, Woolfe KJ. 1999. Increased sediment supply to the Great Barrier Reef will not increase sediment accumulation at most coral reefs. *Coral Reefs* 18: 163-169.
- Larcombe P, Woolfe KJ. 1999. Terrigenous sediments as influences upon Holocene nearshore coral reefs, central Great Barrier Reef, Australia. *Australian Journal of Earth Sciences* 46: 141-154.
- Larcombe P, Woolfe KJ. (Eds) 1995. *Great Barrier Reef: Terrigenous Sediment Flux and Human Impacts*. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, Australia, 110 p.
- Larcombe P, Woolfe KJ, Purdon RG. (Eds.) 1996. *Great Barrier Reef: Terrigenous Sediment Flux and Human Impacts, Second Edition* November 1996, CRC Reef Research Centre, Current Research, Townsville, Australia, 174 pp.
- Larcombe P, Woolfe KJ, Amjad N, Barnes DJ, Brodie J, Brunskill GJ, Bryce S, Carter RM, Costen A, Crook KAW, Crossland C, Deacon GL, Ferland MA, Gorrie A, Grindrod J, Johnson DP, McIntyre C, Neil DT, Okubo C, Orpin AR, Purdon RG, Pye K, Ridd PV, Shulmeister J, Taylor J, Walker GS. 1996. Terrigenous Sediment Fluxes and the Central Great Barrier Reef Shelf: the Current State of Knowledge. In: Larcombe P, Woolfe KJ, Purdon RG. (Eds.) *Great Barrier Reef: Terrigenous Sediment Flux and Human Impacts, Second Edition* November 1996. CRC Reef Research Centre, Current Research, Townsville, Australia pp 7 23.
- Lewis A. 1999. Depth model accuracy: a case study in the Great Barrier Reef lagoon. In: Lowell K, Jaton A. (Eds.) Spatial accuracy assessment: land information uncertainty in natural resources, Ann Arbor Press, Chelsea, Michigan: 71-77. ISBN 1-57504-119-7
- Lewis A. 2001. *Great Barrier Reef Depth and Elevation Model: GBRDEM.* CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No 33.
- Lough JM. 2001. Climate variability and change on the Great Barrier Reef. In: Wolanski E. (Ed.) *Oceanographic Processes on the Great Barrier Reef.* CRC Press.
- Lough JM. 2000. 1997-98: Unprecedented thermal stress to coral reefs? *Geophysical Research Letters* 27: 3901-3904.
- Lough JM. 1997. Regional indices of climate variation: temperature and rainfall in Queensland, Australia. *International Journal of Climatology* 17: 55-66.
- Lough JM, Barnes DJ, Taylor RB. 1996. The potential of massive corals for the study of high-resolution climate variation in the past millennium. In: Jones PD, Bradley RS, Jouzel J.

- (Eds) *Climatic Variations and Forcing Mechanisms of the Last 2000 Years.* NATO ASI Series, I41: 355-371.
- Massel SR, Done TJ. 1993. Effects of cyclone waves on massive coral assemblages on the Great Barrier Reef: meteorology, hydrodynamics and demography. *Coral Reefs* 12: 153-166.
- Massel SR, Kapitzke IR. 1996. Infrastructure development in coral reef environments: The need for engineering guidelines. Recent Advances in Marine Science and Technology '96, PACON International, Honolulu, 17-22 June 1996 pp 491-500.
- Massel SR, Kapitzke IR, Gleeson PR. 1997. An alternative approach to the hydrodynamic design of infrastructure on the Great Barrier Reef: Norman Reef Case Study. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority 2: 86-91.
- Massel SR, Kapitzke IR, Wright RA. 1997. The hydrodynamic design of infrastructure on the Great Barrier Reef. Proceedings of the 13th Australasian Coastal and Ocean Engineering Conference: Pacific Coasts and Ports 97, Christchurch, New Zealand: 507–512.
- McAllister F, King B, Done T. 2000. The database of predicted river plume distributions (1966-1998) in the Central Great Barrier Reef Marine Park CD ROM and Web Page. Report to the CRC Reef Research Centre from Asia-Pacific Applied Science Associates and the Australian Institute of Marine Science, June 2000.
- McConochie JD, Mason LB, Hardy TA. 1999. A coral sea cyclone wind model intended for wave modelling. In: Coasts and Ports '99, Challenges and Directions for the New Century. Proceedings of the 14th Australasian Coastal and Ocean Engineering Conference and the 7th Australasian Port and Harbour Conference, Perth, WA, 14-16 April, 1999 pp 413-418.
- McIntyre C. 1996. The Holocene sedimentary facies of Cleveland Bay, Townsville, Great Barrier Reef Shelf. In Larcombe P, Woolfe KJ, Purdon RG. (Eds.) *Great Barrier Reef: Terrigenous Sediment Flux and Human Impacts, Second Edition* November 1996, CRC Reef Research Centre, Current Research, Townsville, Australia: 104-107.
- Orpin A, Woolfe K. 1999. Particle size unmixing relationships as a method of deriving a semi-quantitative terrigenous sediment budget. In: Heap AD. (Ed.) North Queensland Sedimentologists' 1st Annual Workshop: Extended Abstracts. School of Earth Sciences, James Cook University, Townsville, Australia pp 84-88.
- Orpin AR, Ridd PV. 1996. Sediment distribution and transport mechanisms, Burdekin region, central Great Barrier Reef lagoon. In: Larcombe P, Woolfe KJ, Purdon RG. (Eds.) *Great Barrier Reef: Terrigenous Sediment Flux and Human Impacts, Second Edition* November 1996. CRC Reef Research Centre, Current Research, Townsville, Australia: 128-143.
- Orpin AR, Woolfe KJ. 1999. Unmixing relationships as a method of deriving a semiquantitative terrigenous sediment budget, central Great Barrier Reef lagoon, Australia. Sedimentary Geology 129:25-35.
- Orpin AR. 1995. High resolution grain size mapping in the Great Barrier Reef lagoon, North Queensland. In: Worthington TJ, O'Connor BM. (Eds.) *Geological Society of New Zealand Miscellaneous Publication* 81A, p. 161.
- Orpin AR. 1999. Sediment transport, partitioning, and unmixing relationships in the mixed terrigenous-carbonate system of the Great Barrier Reef, Burdekin shelf sector, Australia. PhD Thesis, School of Earth Sciences, October 1999, 75 pp.
- Orpin AR, Haig DW, Woolfe KJ. 1999. Sedimentary and foraminiferal facies in Exmouth Gulf, in arid tropical northwestern Australia. *Australian Journal of Earth Sciences* 46: 607-621.
- Orpin AR, Ridd PV, Stewart LK. 1999. Assessment of the relative importance of major sediment-transport mechanisms in the central Great Barrier Reef lagoon. *Australian Journal of Earth Sciences* 46: 883-896.

- Pailles C, McConochie DM, Arakel AV, Saenger P. 1993. The distribution of phosphate in sediments of the Johnstone Rivers catchment-estuary system, North Queensland, Australia. *Sedimentary Geology* 85: 253-269.
- Popham BA. 1996. *Modelling cyclone waves in the Great Barrier Reef Region.* B.Eng. (Hons) Thesis. Department of Civil and Systems Engineering, James Cook University.
- Puotinen ML. 1997. Tropical cyclone impacts on the coral reefs of the Great Barrier Reef region. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, 2: 99-102.
- Puotinen ML, Done TJ, Skelly WC. 1997. An atlas of tropical cyclones in the Great Barrier Reef Region, 1969-1997. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 19. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 201 pp.
- Santoso E, Nielsen P, Burrage D, Steinberg C. 1999. Tidal anomalies in the east coast of Australia. In: *Coasts and Ports '99, Challenges and Directions for the New Century.*Proceedings of the 14th Australasian Coastal and Ocean Engineering Conference and the 7th Australasian Port and Harbour Conference, Perth, WA, 14-16 April, 1999 pp 590-595.
- Stewart LK, Heap AD, Woolfe KJ. 2000. Evaluating the influence of tidal currents on the distribution of silt in Nara Inlet, central Great Barrier Reef, Australia. *Sedimentary Geology* 136: 59-69.
- Stieglitz T, Steinberg C. 2000. AIMS Data Report: Remote Sensing of Sea Surface Salinity Ground Truthing. Australian Institute of Marine Science, March 2000 pp 47.
- Wolanski E, King B. 1997. Physical Oceanography. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority 1: 260-266.
- Wolanski E, King B, Spagnol S. 1999. The implications of oceanographic chaos for coastal management. In: Salomons W, Turner RK, Drude de Lacerda L, and Ramachandran S. (Eds.) *Perspectives on integrated coastal zone management*. Springer-Verlag, Berlin pp 129-141
- Woolfe KJ, Larcombe P, Stewart LK. 2000. Shelf sediments adjacent to the Herbert River delta, Great Barrier Reef. Australia. *Australian Journal of Earth Sciences* 47: 301-308.
- Woolfe KJ, Larcombe P, Orpin AR, Purdon RG. 2000. Spatial variability in fluvial style and likely responses to sea-level change, Herbert River, Queensland, Australia. *Australian Journal of Earth Sciences* 47: 689-694.
- Woolfe KJ, Larcombe P. 1998. Terrigenous sediment accumulation as a regional control upon the distribution of reef carbonates. In: Camoin GF, Bergersen DD, Davies PJ. (Eds) *Reefs and Carbonate Platforms in the Pacific and Indian Oceans.* IAS Special Publication No. 25: 295-310.
- Woolfe KJ, Larcombe P. 1999. Terrigenous sedimentation and coral reef growth: a conceptual framework. *Marine Geology* 155: 331-345.
- Woolfe KJ, Michibayashi K. 1995. 'Basic' entropy grouping of laser-derived grain-size data: an example from the Great Barrier Reef. *Computers and Geosciences* 21: 447-462.
- Woolfe KJ, Larcombe P, Naish T, Purdon RG. 1998. Lowstand rivers need not incise the shelf: an example from the Great Barrier Reef, Australia, with implications for sequence stratigraphic models. *Geology* 26: 75-78.
- Woolfe KJ, Larcombe P, Orpin AR, Purdon RG, Michaelsen P, McIntyre CM, Amjad N. 1998. Controls upon inner-shelf sedimentation, Cape York Peninsula, in the region of 12S. *Australian Journal of Earth Sciences* 45: 611-621.

- Woolfe KJ, Larcombe P, Ridd PV, Orpin AR, Bryce S, McIntyre, C. 1996. A brief field guide to the Burdekin Delta and Cocoa Creek. In Larcombe P, Woolfe KJ, Purdon RG. (Eds) *Great Barrier Reef: Terrigenous Sediment Flux and Human Impacts, Second Edition November 1996*. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, Australia: 164-172.
- Woolfe KJ, Michaelsen P, Orpin AR, Larcombe P, Purdon RG, McIntyre C, Amjad N. 1996. Contrasting sedimentation regimes across Cape York Peninsula. In: Larcombe P, Woolfe KJ, Purdon RG. (Eds) *Great Barrier Reef: Terrigenous Sediment Flux and Human Impacts, Second Edition November 1996.* CRC Reef Research Centre, Current Research, Townsville, Australia: 160-163.

8. Biological Processes / Monitoring

CRC Reef researchers have made significant contributions to a better understanding of the biology of many reef organisms. In particular, the ecology, distribution and classification of soft corals throughout the Indo-Pacific region is now much better known. Knowledge about the connectivity of species and populations is important to determine maximum distances and minimum sizes of an effective system of marine protected areas. An understanding of the interactions between corals and algae is important in evaluating whether reef communities will be damaged by the addition of nutrients and sediments into reef waters. The long-term monitoring program has provided a baseline of information on the status and health of the Great Barrier Reef against which natural and anthropogenic change can be measured.

CRC Reef researchers also increased knowledge about the coral bleaching and the crown-of-thorns starfish as listed in sections 1 and 2.

- Extensive surveys of 1,500 sites from all over the Great Barrier Reef (GBR) identified patterns of octocoral biodiversity. Diversity gradually decreases from north to south, with a biodiversity hot spot of soft corals on the mid-shelf on reefs between Cairns and Cooktown. The survey data contributed significantly to defining bioregions (biologically homogenous areas) within the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park.
- The octocoral survey of the GBR also resulted in the production of the book *Soft* Corals And Sea Fans, the first guide to allow divers, reef researchers and
 aquarium owners to identify the soft corals and sea fans found on Indo-Pacific
 coral reefs.
- The surveys revealed that cover of crustose coralline algae is low in areas of high sedimentation. These algae play an important role in the reef community, by triggering the settlement of coral recruits, and forming a protective layer over the reef substrate that may slow down erosion.

- The genetic connectivity in the broadcast-spawning soft coral *Sinularia flexibilis* and a brooding soft coral species *Briareum* sp. is high along the length of the GBR. In another brooding species, *Clavularia* sp., populations are genetically more isolated, so it has less potential to recolonise an area after disturbance. Such knowledge of connectivity in a range of species and populations is important for determining maximum distances and minimum sizes of an effective system of marine protected areas.
- The results of the study on growth responses of macroalgae to different forms of nutrients from natural or anthropogenic sources has improved our understanding of the mechanisms of nutrient utilisation that enable macroalgae to grow in abundance on GBR nearshore coral reefs. Inshore macroalgae (e.g. *Sargassum* spp.) acquire nutrients from three previously unrecognised sources which allow them to thrive in habitats with few inorganic nutrients available. Due to their high nutrient demand, these species are likely to be favoured by an increased nutrient supply caused by human activity. In contrast, macroalgae with a distribution on reefs across the shelf (e.g. turtle weed, *Chlorodesmis fastigiata*) were shown to be nutrient-sufficient in average inorganic water column nutrients and may not benefit from a higher nutrient availability.
- Coral transplantation may be required to enhance rehabilitation of damaged coral reefs. Techniques to effectively enhance coral survival following transplantation were examined. In particular, methods to attach corals to the substrate were evaluated, with attachment of coral pieces using quick-setting cement proving to be the most effective.
- Surveys of benthic algal distributions and abundance and environmental
 parameters on >130 reefs and > 1,000 surveys of the GBR, covering latitudinal,
 cross-shelf, small spatial and seasonal variability provide the first large-scale,
 quantitative descriptions of reef marine plant distribution, abundance and
 seasonality.

- The algal surveys provide baseline descriptions of distributions, against which human impacts may be more easily detected. There is evidence that benthic algae make a large and important contribution to coral reef biodiversity and have potential for predictive bioindicators of reef status. Data on algal distribution contributed in a major way to the GBRMPA Representative Areas bioregionalisation program.
- Coral-algal competition is widespread but highly variable in both mechanism and outcome. That variability can be understood in terms of a limited number of mechanisms by which corals and algae can affect each other. Benthic algae will not always outcompete or even inhibit healthy adult corals, even in poor water conditions. Corals are often replaced by algae when they are subject to external disturbance and killed. Macroalgae may be a consequence, rather than a cause of coral decline; but may also contribute by inhibiting recovery.
- CRC Reef contributed to two long-term data sets by supporting AIMS
 researchers. CRC Reef support enabled coral and fish monitoring projects
 established by Done and Williams in 1980 to be continued.
- CRC Reef researchers quantified the variability in coral settlement and recruitment between zones of coral reefs. This information underpins coral recovery following disturbance.
- CRC Reef supported AIMS' Long-Term Monitoring Project and enabled worldclass statistical analysis of the data which was reflected in five high quality reports about status of the GBR.
- Research about the responses of corals to physical damage has provided an insight into the factors that influence recovery rates in corals that are damaged by anchors or in storms. Some corals can regrow damaged parts extremely rapidly, but corals that break most easily are not necessarily those are most able to recover. An understanding of the life-history strategies of corals can provide the basis for ecologically-based strategies for managing human uses of the reef.

- Alongi DM, Ayukai T, Brunskill GJ, Clough BF, Wolanski E. 1998. Sources, sinks, and export of organic carbon through a tropical, semi-enclosed delta (Hinchinbrook Channel, Australia). *Mangroves and Salt Marshes* 2: 237-242.
- Alongi DM, Tirendi F, Dixon P, Trott LA, Brunskill GJ. 1999. Mineralization of organic matter in intertidal sediments of a tropical semi-enclosed delta. *Estuarine, Coastal and Shelf Science* 48: 451-467.
- Anthony KRN. in press. Enhanced particle-feeding capacity of corals on turbid reefs (Great Barrier Reef, Australia). *Coral Reefs*.
- Anthony KRN. 1999. Coral suspension feeding on fine particulate matter. *J. Exp. Mar Biol. Ecol.* 232: 85-106.
- Armsworth PR. 2000. Modelling the swimming response of late stage larval reef fish to different stimuli. *Mar. Ecol. Prog. Ser.* 195: 231-247.
- Ayling AM, Roelofs AJ, McKenzie LJ, Lee Long WJ. 1996. Port of Cape Flattery Benthic Monitoring Baseline Survey Wet Season (February) 1996. Ecoports Monograph Series No. 5, Ports Corporation of Queensland, Brisbane, 67 pp.
- Bainbridge SJ, Baker VJ. 1995. Database design and operation for monitoring of the Great Barrier Reef. Proceedings of the Australian Marine Data Collection and Management Guidelines Workshop, Hobart, 5-6 December 1995.
- Bainbridge SJ, Baker VJ. 1995. Video benthos transects methods and results from the AIMS Long Term Reef Monitoring Project. Proceedings of the Australian Marine Data Collection and Management Guidelines Workshop, Hobart, 5-6 December 1995.
- Baird AH, Hughes TP. 1997. Spatial variation in coral recruitment around Lizard Island, Australia. Proc. 8th Int. Coral Reef Symp. 2: 1207-1210.
- Barnes DJ, Lough JM. 1996. Coral skeletons: storage and recovery of environmental information. *Global Change Biology* 2: 569-582.
- Barnes DJ, Taylor RB. 1998. *On the nature of luminescence in coral skeletons*. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 22. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 38 pp.
- Barnes DJ, Taylor RB. 2001. Natural and artificial luminescence in a skeletal slice of *Porites*. *Coral Reefs* 19: 270
- Barnes DJ, Taylor RB. 2001. On the nature and causes of luminescent lines and bands in coral skeletons. *Coral Reefs* 19: 221-230
- Barnes DJ, Taylor RB, Lough JM. 1995. On the inclusion of trace materials into massive coral skeletons. Part II: distortions in skeletal records of annual climate cycles due to growth processes. *J. Exp. Mar. Biol. Ecol.* 194: 251-275.
- Bastidas C, Benzie JAH, Uthicke S, Fabricius KE. 2001. Genetic differentiation among populations of a broadcast spawning soft coral, *Sinularia flexibilis*, on the Great Barrier Reef. *Marine Biology* 138: 517-525
- Benzaken D, Aston J. 1997. Monitoring activities in the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area, challenges and opportunities. In: Wachenfeld D, Oliver J, Davis K. (Eds) State of the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area Workshop. Townsville, 27-29 November 1995, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Workshop Series No 23. GBRMPA, Townsville pp 452-468.
- Carleton JH, Done TJ. 1995. Quantitative video sampling of coral benthos: large-scale application. *Coral Reefs* 14: 35-46.

- Ceccarelli DM, Jones GP, McCook LJ. in press. Territorial damselfish as determinants of the structure of benthic communities on coral reefs. *Oceanography and Marine Biology*.
- Cheal AJ, Thompson AA. 1997. Comparing visual counts of coral reef fish: implications of transect width and species selection. *Mar. Ecol. Prog. Ser.* 158: 241-248.
- Coles RG, Lee Long WJ, McKenzie LJ. 1995. A standard for seagrass resource mapping and monitoring in Australia. Australian Marine Data Collection and Management Guidelines Workshop, CSIRO Marine Laboratories, Hobart, Tasmania, 5-6 December 1995.
- Coles RG, Lee Long WJ, McKenzie LJ. 1997. Distribution and abundance of seagrasses at Oyster Point, Cardwell Spring (November) 1995 and Winter (August) 1996. Queensland Department of Primary Industries Information Series QI97055. QDPI, NFC, Cairns, 36 p.
- Coles RG, Lee Long WJ, McKenzie LJ. 1997. Scientific Matters Arising from the Dugong Protected Area (DPA) Scientific Working Group #1. Seagrasses: Current Information and Required Data. Queensland Department of Primary Industries.
- Coles RG, Lee Long WJ, McKenzie LJ, Roelofs AJ, De'ath G. 2000. Stratification of seagrasses in the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area, north-eastern Australia, and the implications for management. *Biol. Mar. Medit.* 7: 345-348.
- Coles RG, Lee Long WJ, McKenzie LJ, Short M, Rasheed MA, Vidler K. 1995. Distribution of deep-water seagrass habitats between Cape Weymouth and Cape Tribulation, northeastern Queensland. Report to the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority and CRC Reef Research Centre. Published as Queensland Department of Primary Industries Information Series QI96043 (QDPI: Northern Fisheries Centre, Cairns), 33 p.
- Coles RG, Lee Long WJ, Watson RA, Derbyshire KJ, Done T. 1993. Seagrass research in tropical north-eastern Australia. Proceedings of the International Seagrass Biology Workshop, Ocean Research Institute, University of Tokyo, Japan, 1993 pp 14-27.
- Coles RG, McKenzie LJ, Tyson LM, Lee Long WJ. 1996. Distribution of seagrasses at Oyster Point, Cardwell September 1994. Queensland Department of Primary Industries Information Series QI96030, (QDPI, Brisbane), 26 p.
- DeVantier LM, De'ath G, Done TJ, Turak E. 1998. Ecological assessment of a complex natural system: a case study from the Great Barrier Reef. Ecological Applications 8(2): 480-496.
- DeVantier LM, Turak E, Done TJ, Davidson J. 1997. The effects of Cyclone Sadie on coral communities of nearshore reefs in the central Great Barrier Reef. In: Steven A. (Ed.) *Cyclone Sadie flood plumes in the Great Barrier Reef Lagoon: Composition and Consequences*. November 1994, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Workshop Series 22: 65-88.
- Doherty P, Kingsford M, Booth D, Carleton J. 1996. Habitat selection before settlement by *Pomacentrus coelestis. Mar. Freshw. Res.* 47: 391-399.
- Doherty PJ. 1995. Cross-shelf distribution and interannual variability in the abundance of commercially important ichthyoplankton off Townsville, Queensland. Final report to the Fisheries Research and Development Corporation, 29 p.
- Doherty PJ. 1995. New technology for the assessment of larval fish stocks: development of submersible, automated light-traps. Final report to the Fisheries Research and Development Corporation, 26 p.
- Doherty PJ, Meekan MG, Miller IR, Osborne K, Thompson AA. 1997. Catastrophic loss of coral from reefs in the southern Great Barrier Reef and impact on fish recruitment. Proc. 8th Int. Coral Reef Symp. 1: 1005-1010.
- Done TJ. 1997. Decadal changes in reef-building communities: implications for reef growth and monitoring programs. Proc. 8th Int. Coral Reef Symp. 1: 411-416.
- Done TJ. 1999. Coral community adaptability to environmental change at the scales of regions, reefs and reef zones. *American Zoologist* 39: 66-79.

- Done TJ, DeVantier LM, Turak E, McCook L, Fabricius K. 1997. Decadal changes in community structure in Great Barrier Reef coral reefs. In: Wachenfeld D, Oliver J, Davis K. (Eds.) State of the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area Workshop. Townsville, 27-29 November 1995, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Workshop Series No 23. GBRMPA, Townsville: 97-108.
- Fabricius KE. 1998. Reef invasion by soft corals: which taxa and which habitats? In: Greenwood JG, Hall NJ. (Eds) Proceedings of the Australian Coral Reef Society 75th Anniversary Conference, Heron Island, October 1997. School of Marine Science, The University of Queensland, Brisbane: 77-90.
- Fabricius KE, Alderslade P. 2001. *Soft Corals and Sea Fans.* Australian Institute of Marine Science, 272 pp. ISBN: 0 642 322104.
- Fabricius KE, De'ath G. 1997. Habitat optima of soft corals on the central Great Barrier Reef: niche characterisation using regression tree analysis. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, 2: 167-174.
- Fabricius KE, De'ath G. 1997. The effects of flow, depth and slope on cover of soft coral taxa and growth forms on Davies Reef, Great Barrier Reef. Proc. 8th Int. Coral Reef Symp. 2: 1071-1076.
- Fabricius KE, De'ath G. 2000. *Soft coral atlas of the Great Barrier Reef.* Australian Institute of Marine Science, http://www.aims.gov.au/soft-coral. 52 pp.
- Fabricius KE, De'ath G. 2001. Environmental factors associated with the spatial distribution of crustose coralline algae on the Great Barrier Reef. *Coral Reefs* 19 (in press)
- Fabricius KE, Dommisse M. 2000. Depletion of suspended particulate matter over coastal reef communities dominated by zooxanthellate soft corals. *Mar. Ecol. Prog. Ser.* 196: 157-167.
- Fabricius KE, Wolanski E. 2000. Rapid smothering of coral reef organisms by muddy marine snow. *Estuarine, Coastal and Shelf Science* 50: 115-120.
- Fabricius KE, Yahel G, Genin A. 1998. In situ depletion of phytoplankton by an azooxanthellate soft coral. *Limnology and Oceanography* 43: 354-356.
- Fisher R, Bellwood DR, Job S. 2000. The development of swimming abilities in reef fish larvae. *Mar. Ecol. Prog. Ser.* 202: 163-173.
- Gagan MK, Anker S, Ayliffe LK, Barnes DJ, Chappell JMA, Hopley D, Isdale PJ, Lough JM, McCulloch MT. 1997. Massive corals: grand archives of Australian Palaeoclimate. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, 1: 195-209.
- Halford A. 1997. Recovery of a fish community six years after a catastrophic mortality event. Proc. 8th Int. Coral Reef Symp. 1: 1011-1016.
- Halford AR, Thompson AA. 1994. Visual census surveys of reef fish. Long-term monitoring of the Great Barrier Reef Standard Operational Procedure Number 3, Australian Institute of Marine Science, Townsville, 24 pp.
- Hall VR. 1997. Effects of injury on growth, reproduction and survivorship for common reefcrest corals. Proc. 8th Int. Coral Reef Symp. 1: 571-574.
- Hall VR. 1998. *Injury and regeneration of common reef-crest corals at Lizard Island, Great Barrier Reef, Australia*. PhD Thesis, Department of Marine Biology, James Cook University, 119 pp.
- Hoedt FE, Choat JH, Collins J, Cruz JJ. 2000. Mourilyan Harbour and Abbot Point Surveys: Port Marine Baseline Surveys and Surveys for Introduced Marine Pests. Report to the Ports Corporation of Queensland, 49 pp.

- Hoedt FE, Choat JH, Cruz JJ, Collins J, Robins W. 2000. Survey of the Port of Lucinda: Port Marine Baseline Surveys and Surveys for Introduced Marine Pests. Report to the CRC Reef Research Centre, May 2000, 47 pp.
- Hughes TP, Baird AH, Dinsdale EA, Moltschaniwskyj NA, Pratchett MS, Tanner JE, Willis BL. 1999. Patterns of recruitment and abundance of corals along the Great Barrier Reef. *Nature* 397: 59-63.
- Hughes TP, Baird AH, Dinsdale EA, Moltschaniwskyj NA, Pratchett MS, Tanner JE, Willis BL. 2000. Supply-side ecology works both ways: the link between benthic adults, fecundity, and larval recruits. *Ecology* 81: 2241-2249.
- Inglis GJ. 2000. Disturbance-related germination of *Halodule uninervis* seeds. *Biologia Marina Mediterranea* 7: 63-66.
- Inglis GJ. 2000. Disturbance-related heterogeneity in the seed banks of a marine angiosperm. *Journal of Ecology* 88: 88-99.
- Inglis GJ. 2000. Variation in the recruitment behaviour of seagrass seeds: implications for population dynamics and resource management. *Pacific Conservation Biology* 5: 251-259.
- Inglis GJ, Kross JE. 2000. Evidence for systemic changes in the benthic fauna of tropical estuaries as a result of urbanisation. *Mar. Poll. Bull.* 41: 367-376.
- Inglis GJ, Lincoln Smith MP. 1995. Choosing appropriate spatial scales for ecological monitoring programmes: an estuarine case study. In: Bellwood O, Choat H, Saxena N. (eds) Recent Advances in Marine Science and Technology '94. James Cook University of North Queensland, Townsville, Australia: 171-181.
- Inglis GJ, Lincoln Smith MP. 1998. Synchronous flowering of estuarine seagrass meadows. *Aquatic Botany* 60: 37-48.
- Isdale PJ, Stewart BJ, Tickle JS, Lough JM. 1998. Palaeohydrological variation in a tropical river catchment a reconstruction using fluorescent bands in corals of the Great Barrier Reef, Australia. *The Holocene* 8: 1-8.
- James MK, Mason LB, Bode L. 1998. Regional hydrodynamics and dispersal: Interim report on larval transport and connectivities. Report to CRC Reef Research Centre, 32 pp.
- Jompa J, McCook LJ. 1998. Seaweeds save the reef? *Sargassum* canopy decreases coral bleaching on inshore reefs. *Reef Research* 8: 5.
- Jompa J, McCook LJ. in press. Effects of competition and herbivory on interactions between a hard coral and a brown alga. *J. Exp. Mar. Biol. Ecol.*
- Kaly UL, Jones GP. 1997. Minimum sampling design for assessing the magnitude and scale of ecological impacts on coral reefs. Proc. 8th Int. Coral Reef Symp. 2: 1479-1484.
- Kaly UL. 1995. Experimental test of the effects of methods of attachment and handling on the rapid transplantation of corals. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 1. 28 pp.
- Lee Long W. 1998. The importance, status and management of seagrass systems adjacent to the Great Barrier Reef community interest groups can help maintain seagrass and fisheries production. In: Haynes D, Kellaway D, Davis K. (Eds.) *Protection of wetlands adjacent to the Great Barrier Reef.* Proceedings of workshop held in Babinda, Queensland, Australia, 25-26 September 1997: 103-104.
- Lee Long WJ, Coles RG. 1996. Status of Seagrasses in the Great Barrier Reef Region. *Status of the Great Barrier Reef Report.* Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, Townsville.
- Lee Long WJ, Coles RG. 1997. Impacts on and responses of seagrasses in the Great Barrier Reef Issues for Management. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, 1: 101-106.

- Lee Long WJ, Coles RG. 1997. Status of Seagrasses in the Great Barrier Reef Region. In: Wachenfeld D, Oliver J, Davis K. (Eds.) *State of the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area Workshop*. Townsville, 27-29 November 1995, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Workshop Series No 23. GBRMPA, Townsville: 185-193.
- Lee Long WJ, Coles RG, McKenzie LJ. 1996. Deepwater seagrasses in northeastern Australia how deep, how meaningful? In: Kuo J, Phillips RC, Walker DI, Kirkman H. (Eds.) *Seagrass Biology: Proceedings of an International Workshop*, Rottnest Island, Western Australia: 41-50.
- Lee Long WJ, Coles RG, McKenzie LJ. 2000. Issues for seagrass conservation management in Queensland. *Pacific Conservation Biology* 5: 321-328.
- Lee Long WJ, McKenzie LJ, Rasheed MA, Coles RG. 1996. Monitoring seagrasses in tropical ports and harbours. In: Kuo J, Phillips RC, Walker DI, Kirkman H. (Eds) *Seagrass Biology: Proceedings of an International Workshop*, Rottnest Island, Western Australia: 345-350.
- Lee Long WJ, Rasheed MA, McKenzie LJ, Coles RG. 1996. Distribution of seagrasses in Cairns Harbour and Trinity Inlet December 1993. Queensland Department of Primary Industries Information Series QI96031, (QDPI, Brisbane) 14 p.
- Lough J, Barnes D. 1997. Coral records of past climates and environments. *Bulletin of the Australian Meteorological and Oceanographic Society*. 10: 84-90.
- Lough JM, Barnes DJ. 1995. Massive corals: natural, historical archives of the tropical oceans. Proceedings of the International Scientific Conference on the Tropical Ocean Global Atmosphere (TOGA) Programme, WCRP-91, WMO/TD. 717: 138-142.
- Lough JM, Barnes DJ. 1997. Centuries-long records of coral growth on the Great Barrier Reef. In: Wachenfeld D, Oliver J, Davis K. (Eds.) *State of the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area Workshop*. Townsville, 27-29 November 1995, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Workshop Series No 23. GBRMPA, Townsville: 149-157.
- Lough JM, Barnes DJ, Taylor RB. 1997. Understanding growth mechanisms: the key to successful extraction of proxy climate records from corals. Proc. 8th Int. Coral Reef Symp. 2: 1697-1700.
- Lough JM, Barnes DJ. 2000. Environmental controls on growth of the massive coral *Porites. J. Exp. Mar. Biol. Ecol.* 245: 225-243.
- Lough JM, Barnes DJ, Devereux MJ, Tobin BJ, Tobin S. 1999. Variability in growth characteristics of massive *Porites* on the Great Barrier Reef. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 28, CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 95 pp.
- Malcolm HA, Cheal AJ, Thompson AA. 1999. Fishes of the Yongala historic shipwreck. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 26. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 29 pp.
- Maniwavie T, Sweatman H, Marshall P, Munday P, Rei V. 2000. Status of coral reefs of Australasia: Australia and Papua New Guinea. In: Wilkinson C. (Ed.) *Status of Coral Reefs of the World: 2000.* 363 pp.
- Marshall PA. 2000. Skeletal damage in reef corals: relating resistance to colony morphology. *Mar. Ecol. Progr. Ser.* 200: 177-189.
- McCook LJ. 1996. Effects of herbivores and water quality on *Sargassum* distribution on the central Great Barrier Reef: Cross-shelf transplants. *Mar. Ecol. Prog. Ser.* 139: 179-192.
- McCook LJ. 1997. Effects of herbivory on zonation of *Sargassum* spp. within fringing reefs of the central Great Barrier Reef. *Marine Biology* 129: 713-722.
- McCook LJ. 2001. Competition between coral and algal turfs along a gradient of terrestrial influence in the nearshore central Great Barrier Reef. Coral Reefs 19: 419-425
- McCook LJ, Jompa J, Diaz-Pulido G. 2001. Competition between corals and algae on coral reefs: a review of evidence and mechanisms. *Coral Reefs* 19: 400-417

- McCook LJ, Jompa J, Diaz-Pulido G, Mundy C. 2000. Macroalgal Resources of the Great Barrier Reef: Part 2: Impacts of Algae and Terrestrial Run-off on Coral Reefs. Report to the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, 23 pp.
- McCook L, Price IR. 1997. Macroalgal distributions on the Great Barrier Reef: a review of patterns and causes. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, 2: 37-46.
- McCook LJ, Price IR. 1997. The state of the algae of the Great Barrier Reef: what do we know? In: Wachenfeld D, Oliver J, Davis K. (Eds.) *State of the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area Workshop*. Townsville, 27-29 November 1995, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Workshop Series No 23. GBRMPA, Townsville, pp 194-204.
- McCook LJ, Price IR, Diaz-Pulido G, Jompa J. 2000. Macroalgal Resources of the Great Barrier Reef: Part 1: Distributions and Abundances on Coral Reefs. Report to the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, 21 pp.
- McKenzie LJ. 1994. Seasonal changes in biomass and shoot characteristics of a *Zostera capricorni* Aschers. dominant meadow in Cairns Harbour, northern Queensland. *Aust. J. Mar. Freshw. Res.* 45: 1337-1352.
- McKenzie LJ, Coles RG, Lee Long WJ. 1998. Seagrass-Watch: Guidelines for community groups and volunteers in the Hervey Bay Region, QDPI, Cairns, 126 pp.
- McKenzie LJ, Lee Long WJ, Bradshaw EJ. 1997. Distribution of seagrasses in the Lizard Island Group - a reconnaissance survey, October 1995. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 14. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 26 p.
- McKenzie LJ, Lee Long WJ, Coles RG. 1998. Seagrass-Watch Thailand: Guidelines for community groups and volunteers. QDPI, Cairns, 126 pp.
- McKenzie LJ, Lee Long WJ, Coles RG, Roder CA. 2000. Seagrass-Watch: Community based monitoring of seagrass resources. *Biol. Mar. Medit.* 7: 393-396.
- McKenzie LJ, Lee Long WJ, Roelofs AJ, Roder CA. 1998. Port of Mourilyan Seagrass Monitoring- First Four Years. EcoPorts Monograph Series No 15. Ports Corporation of Queensland, Brisbane, 30 pp.
- McKenzie LJ, Rasheed MA, Lee Long WJ, Coles RG. 1996. Port of Mourilyan Seagrass monitoring, Baseline Surveys Summer (December) 1993 and Winter (July) 1994. Ports Corporation of Queensland Environmental Research Monograph Series, (PCQ, Brisbane), 51 pp.
- McKenzie LJ, Roder CA, Roelofs AJ, Lee Long WJ. 2000. Post-flood monitoring of seagrasses in Hervey Bay and the Great Sandy Strait, 1999: Implications for dugong, turtle and fisheries management. Department of Primary Industries Information Series QI00059, DPI, Northern Fisheries Centre, Cairns, 46 pp.
- McKenzie LJ, Roder CA, Vidler KP, Lee Long WJ. 1998. Seagrass-Watch: Guidelines for community groups and volunteers in the Whitsunday Region, QDPI, Cairns, 126 pp.
- Michalek K, Bowden BF. 1997. A natural algacide from soft coral *Sinularia flexibilis* (Coelenterata, Octocorallia, Alcyonacea). *J. Chem. Ecol.* 23: 259-273.
- Michalek-Wagner K, Bourne DJ, Bowden BF. in press. The effects of different strains of zooxanthellae on the secondary metabolite chemistry and development of the soft coral host *Lobophytum compactum*. *Marine Biology*.
- Miller IR, Müller R. 1999. Validity and reproducibility of benthic cover estimates made during broadscale surveys of coral reefs by manta tow. *Coral Reefs* 18: 353-356.
- Miller IR, De'ath G. 1996. Effects of training on observer performance in assessing benthic cover by means of the manta tow technique. *Mar. Freshw. Res* 47: 19-26.

- Miller I, Muller R. 1997. A quality control procedure for observer agreement of manta tow benthic cover estimates. Proc. 8th Int. Coral Reef Symp. 2: 1475-1478.
- Nelson VM, Mapstone BD. 1998. A review of environmental impact monitoring of pontoon installations in the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park. CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 13. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 85 pp.
- Ninio R, Meekan M, Done T, Sweatman H. 2000. Temporal patterns in reef coral assemblages from local to large spatial scales. *Mar. Ecol. Prog. Ser.* 194: 65-74.
- Oliver JK, De'ath G, Done T, Williams D, Moran P. Eds. 1995. Long-term monitoring of the Great Barrier Reef. Status Report Number 1, 1995. Australian Institute of Marine Science, Townsville, 122 pp.
- Osborne K, Oxley WG. 1997. Sampling Benthic Communities using video transects. In: English S, Wilkinson C, Baker V. (Eds) *Survey Manual for Tropical Marine Resources. 2nd Edition*. Australian Institute of Marine Science. Townsville.
- Osborne K, Thompson AA. 1997. The regional relationship between damselfish communities and habitat on selected reef slopes of the Great Barrier Reef. Proc. 8th Int. Coral Reef Symp. 2: 1167-1172.
- Osborne K, Ninio R, Sweatman H. 1997. The current status of sessile benthic organisms on the Great Barrier Reef. In: Wachenfeld D, Oliver J, Davis K. (Eds) *State of the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area Workshop*. Townsville, 27-29 November 1995, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Workshop Series No 23. GBRMPA, Townsville: 124-133.
- Oxley WG. 1997. Sampling Design and Monitoring. In: English S, Wilkinson C., Baker V. (Eds) *Survey Manual for Tropical Marine Resources. 2nd Edition*. Australian Institute of Marine Science. Townsville.
- Queensland Department of Primary Industries. 1999. Fine-scale surveys of seagrass resources within the Dugong Protection Areas of Upstart Bay, Newry/Sand Bays, Ince/Llewellyn Bays. First Survey May 1999. Unpublished Interim Report to the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, 14 pp.
- Queensland Department of Primary Industries 1995. Port of Mourilyan Seagrass Monitoring, Interim Progress Report - Summer (January) 1995. Unpublished report to the Ports Corporation of Queensland, (QDPI, Northern Fisheries Centre, Cairns), 10 p.
- Queensland Department of Primary Industries 1995. Port of Mourilyan Seagrass Monitoring, InterimProgress Report - Winter (July) 1995. Unpublished report to the Ports Corporation of Queensland, (QDPI: NFC, Cns), 20 p.
- Queensland Department of Primary Industries 2000. Port of Karumba Seagrass Monitoring, Interim Progress Report Wet Season (March 2000). Unpublished Report to the Ports Corporation of Queensland, Queensland Department of Primary Industries: Northern Fisheries Centre, Cairns, 10 pp.
- Queensland Department of Primary Industries. 1996. Port of Mourilyan Seagrass Monitoring, Interim Progress Report - Winter (July) 1996. Unpublished report to the Ports Corporation of Queensland. QDPI: NFC, Cairns, 17 pp.
- Rasheed MA, Thomas R. 2001. Port of Karumba Seagrass Monitoring, Progress Report October 2000. Unpublished Report to the Ports Corporation of Queensland, Queensland Department of Primary Industries: Northern Fisheries Centre, Cairns.
- Rasheed MA. 1998. *Recovery and succession in north Queensland tropical seagrass communities.* PhD Thesis, James Cook University, Townsville.
- Rasheed MA. 1999. Recovery of experimentally created gaps within a tropical *Zostera capricorni* (Aschers.) seagrass meadow, Queensland Australia. *J. Exp. Mar. Biol. Ecol.* 235: 183-200.

- Rasheed MA, Lee Long WJ, Coles RG. 1995. Port of Karumba seagrass monitoring first survey October 1994. Unpublished report to the Ports Corporation of Queensland, 27 pp.
- Rasheed MA, McKenzie LJ, Lee Long WJ. 1994. Port of Mourilyan seagrass monitoring, Second Survey Winter (July) 1994. Unpublished report to the Ports Corporation of Queensland, 39 pp.
- Rasheed MA, McKenzie LJ, Lee Long WJ, Coles RG. 1995. Port of Mourilyan seagrass monitoring, interim progress report Summer (January) 1995. Unpublished report to the Ports Corporation of Queensland, 20 pp.
- Rasheed MA, Roelofs AJ, Thomas R. 2000. Port of Weipa Seagrass Monitoring. First survey April 2000. Unpublished Interim Report to the Ports Corporation of Queensland, Queensland Fisheries Service: Northern Fisheries Centre, Cairns, 20pp.
- Russ GR, McCook LJ. 1999. Potential effects of a cyclone on benthic algal production and yield to grazers on coral reefs across the central Great Barrier Reef. *J. Exp. Mar. Biol. Ecol.* 235: 237-254.
- Schaffelke B, Klumpp DW. 1998. Nutrient-limited growth of the coral reef macroalga *Sargassum baccularia* and experimental growth enhancement by nutrient addition in continuous flow culture. *Mar. Ecol. Prog. Ser.* 164: 199-211.
- Schaffelke B, Klumpp DW. 1998. Short-term nutrient pulses enhance growth and photosynthesis of the coral reef macroalga *Sargassum baccularia*. *Mar. Ecol. Prog. Ser.* 170: 95-105.
- Schaffelke B. 1998. Growth responses of macroalgae to different forms of nutrients from natural or anthropogenic sources. Report to CRC Reef Research Centre, 44 pp.
- Schaffelke B. 1999. Short-term nutrient pulses as tools to assess responses of coral reef macroalgae to enhanced nutrient availability. *Mar. Ecol. Progr. Ser.* 182: 305-310
- Schaffelke B. 1999. Particulate nutrients as a novel nutrient source for tropical *Sargassum* species. *J. Phycol.* 35: 1150-1157.
- Schaffelke B. 2001. Surface alkaline phosphatase activities of macroalgae on coral reefs of the Central Great Barrier Reef, Australia. *Coral Reefs* 19: 310-317.
- Sweatman H. 1998. The role of behaviour and sensory capabilities in determining larval fish settlement and distribution patterns: what use are vision, hearing and olfaction? In: Jones GP, Doherty PJ, Mapstone BD, Howlett L. (Eds.) *ReeFish '95: Recruitment and Population Dynamics of Coral Reef Fishes.* CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, Australia: 112-114.
- Sweatman H. 1999. AIMS' coral reef monitoring programs on the Great Barrier Reef. In: Maragos JE, Grober-Dunsmore R. (Eds.) *Proceedings of the Hawaii Coral Reef Monitoring Workshop.* Dept of Land and Natural Resources, Hawaii, 9-11 June 1998: 225-238.
- Sweatman H. (Ed.) 1997. *Long-term monitoring of the Great Barrier Reef. Status Report Number 2,* 1997. Australian Institute of Marine Science, Townsville, 161 pp.
- Sweatman H, Bass D, Cheal A, Coleman G, Miller I, Ninio R, Osborne K, Oxley W, Ryan D, Thompson A, Tomkins P. 1998. *Long-term Monitoring of the Great Barrier Reef. Status Report Number 3, 1998.* Australian Institute of Marine Science, 303 pp.
- Sweatman H, Cheal A, Coleman G, Fitzpatrick B, Miller I, Ninio R, Osborne K, Page C, Ryan D, Thompson A, Tomkins P. 2000. *Long-term Monitoring of the Great Barrier Reef. Status Report Number 4, 2000.* Australian Institute of Marine Science, 117 pp.
- Sweatman H, Thompson A, Cheal A. 1997. The status of reef fishes on the Great Barrier Reef. In: Wachenfeld D, Oliver J, Davis K. (Eds.) *State of the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area Workshop*. Townsville, 27-29 November 1995, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Workshop Series No 23. GBRMPA, Townsville: 205-222.

- Thomas M, Lavery P, Coles RG. 1999. Monitoring and assessment of seagrass. In: Butler A, Jernakoff P. (Eds) *Seagrass in Australia*. 210 pp.
- van Herwerden L, Benzie J, Peilow L, Davies C. 2000. Microsatellite markers for coral trout (*Plectropomus laevis*) and red throat emperor (*Lethrinus miniatus*). AIMS Report Number 32, 14 pp.
- van Herwerden L, Benzie J, Peplow L, Davies C. in press. Microsatellite markers for coral trout (*Plectropomus laevis*) and red throat emperor (*Lethrinus miniatus*) and their utility in other species of reef fish. *Molecular Ecology* 9.
- van Woesik R, Done TJ. 1997. Coral communities and reef growth in the southern Great Barrier Reef. *Coral Reefs* 16: 103-115.
- van Woesik R, Tomascik T, Blake S. 1999. Coral assemblages and physico-chemical characteristics of the Whitsunday Islands: evidence of recent community changes. *Mar. Freshwater Res.* 50: 427-440.
- Wilkinson CR, Bainbridge SJ, Salvat B. 1997. Assessment of global coral reef status using an anecdotal questionnaire: a tool for assessment and management. Proc. 8th Int. Coral Reef Symp. 1: 283-288.
- Wolanski E, Doherty P, Carleton J. 1997. Directional swimming of fish larvae determines connectivity of fish populations on the Great Barrier Reef. *Naturwissenshaften* 84: 262-268.
- Wolanski E, King B, Spagnol S. 1997. Coral reefs and mangroves: modeling and management. Report to the IBM International Foundation, 28 September 1997, 22 pp.
- Yahel G, Post AF, Fabricius K, Marie D, Vaulot D, Genin A. 1998. Phytoplankton distribution and grazing near coral reefs. *Limnology and Oceanography* 43: 551-563.
- Zann L, Oliver J. 1996. Marine environmental monitoring, information management and reporting. In: Zann L. (Ed) *State of the Marine Environment Report for Australia*. Technical Summary, Chapter 64. Canberra, Department of the Environment, Sport and Territories and GBRMPA: 380-387.

9. Research for Marine Park Management

Accurate information is crucial to wise management of a natural resource. CRC Reef has provided information about the scientific, cultural, social and economic aspects of the Great Barrier Reef to assist management of this valuable resource.

- A CRC Reef project enabled social, cultural and economic concerns to be incorporated into natural resource management. The research revealed that stakeholders, including Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority (GBRMPA) staff, acknowledged that GBRMPA has multiple and conflicting objectives. The main objectives are: maintain or enhance cultural and natural values; maintain or enhance economic benefit and social amenity and values; optimise institutional functioning; meet legal and other obligations and political requirements. While their priorities differ, all representative bodies recognise that maintaining natural values are a high priority but that GBRMPA has other priorities. The transparency of decision-making in resource management could be improved by using a structured decision-support tool. Such a tool was developed in this task.
- CRC Reef researchers made a major contribution to the Representative Areas
 Program developed by GBRMPA, ensuring that examples of major habitat types
 are protected within the marine park. They provided input about natural
 fluctuation of reef biota, seagrass resources, decision support systems and
 socioeconomics.
- Recommendations by CRC Reef researchers for diver interaction with whale sharks have been adopted by the Western Australian government.
- A risk analysis undertaken by CRC Reef was used to modify shipping routes near the GBR.

- CRC Reef researchers developed selection criteria and tools for use and protection of specific coral reefs based on values, risk and resilience.
- Stakeholder perceptions of reef quality, crowding and patterns of use informed the Cairns Section Zoning Plan process.

- Broome G, Valentine P. 1995. *Principles of social impact assessment and its application to managing the Great Barrier Reef.* CRC Reef Research Centre Technical Report No. 2. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 74 pp.
- Dinesen ZD. 2000. Performance indicators for management of the GBRWHA: measuring performance of management agencies and industries in a multiple-use marine protected area. In: Done T, Lloyd D. (Eds.) Information management and decision support for marine biodiversity protection and human welfare: coral reefs. Proceedings of a workshop, Australian Institute of Marine Science, 6-10 December 1999: 77-80.
- Done T. 1998. Science for management of the Great Barrier Reef. *Nature and Resources* 34: 16-29.
- Done T, Bode L, Coles R, Crossland C, Engelhardt U, Furnas M, Woolfe K. 1997. Issue-driven research for managing the Great Barrier Reef: progress and future directions. Proceedings of the Great Barrier Reef: Science, Use and Management National Conference, Townsville, 25-29 November 1996. Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority, 1: 141-150.
- Done TJ, Reichelt RE. 1998. Integrated coastal zone and fisheries ecosystem management: generic goals and performance indices. *Ecological Applications* 8: S110-S118.
- Done TJ. 1995. Ecological criteria for evaluating coral reefs and their implications for managers and researchers. *Coral Reefs* 14: 183-192.
- Done TJ. 1995. Remediation of degraded coral reefs: the need for broad focus. *Mar. Poll. Bull.* 30: 686-688.
- Done TJ. 1996. Criteria for marine protected areas in tropical ecosystem management: wealth, good connections and spreading of risk. In: Thackway (Ed). *Developing Australia's Representative System of Marine Protected Areas: Criteria and guidelines for identification and selection*. Ocean Rescue 2000 Workshop Series Publication No. 2: 68-70.
- Duke NC. 1997. Mangroves in the GBR World Heritage Area: current status, long term trends, management implications and research. In: Wachenfeld D, Oliver J, Davis K. (Eds). *State of the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area Workshop*. Townsville, 27-29 November 1995, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority Workshop Series No 23. GBRMPA, Townsville: 288-299.
- Fernandes L. 1997. A structured framework for decision support in selecting a system of biologically representative areas on the Great Barrier Reef. A GBRMPA Discussion Paper, 12 pp.
- Fernandes L, Ridgley MA, van't Hof T. 1999. Multiple criteria analysis integrates economic, ecological and social objectives for coral reef managers. *Coral Reefs* 18: 393-402.
- Johnston AJ, James MK, Crossland CJ, Bode L, Fitzmaurice MR, Britton MF, Marshall Crossland, JI, Burns KA. 1994. An evaluation and comparison of the risk and possible environmental impacts of a major oil spill from a shipping accident in the Inner Route of

- the Great Barrier Reef (including Torres Strait) versus the Outer Route of the Coral Sea. Interim Report to the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority and Caltex Tanker Co. (Australia) Pty. Ltd, 126p.
- Johnston AJ, James MK, Crossland CJ, Bode L, Fitzmaurice MR, Britton MF, Smithson MJ, Marshall Crossland J.I., Burns KA. 1994. An evaluation and comparison of the risk and possible environmental impacts of a major oil spill from a shipping accident in the inner route of the Great Barrier Reef versus the outer route of the Coral Sea Part 2, Volume 2, Great Barrier Reef and Torres Strait Shipping Study. Final report to the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority and Caltex Tanker Company (Australia) Pty Ltd, Department of Transport, Commonwealth of Australia, Canberra, 229 p.
- Oliver J. 1995. Is the 'Limits of Acceptable Change' concept useful for environmental managers? A case study from the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park. In: Grigg GC, Hale PT., Lunney D. (Eds.) *Conservation through Sustainable Use of Wildlife.* Centre for Conservation Biology, University of Queensland, Brisbane. Chapter 22: 131-139.
- Valentine PS. 1997. World Heritage: Values and Management Implications, Proceedings Queensland Environmental Law Association Conference, pp 73-79, QELA, Brisbane.

10. Others

- Alcock D, Cribb J. 1997. Communicating marine science to non-scientists. Proc. 8th Int. Coral Reef Symp. 2: 2085-2086.
- Brodie G, Alcock D, Choat H. 1999. Building Cooperative Research Centre Education Programs: a best practice case study. Cooperative Research Centre for Ecologically Sustainable Development of the Great Barrier Reef, Townsville, 36 pp.
- Crossland CJ. 1997. Making reef science relevant A GBR case. Proc. 8th Int. Coral Reef Symp. 2: 2089-2092.
- De'ath G, Fabricius KE. 2000. Classification and regression trees: a powerful yet simple technique for the analysis of complex ecological data. *Ecology* 81: 3178-3192.
- De'ath G. 1999. Extended dissimilarity: a method of robust estimation of ecological distances from high beta diversity data. *Plant Ecology* 144: 191-199.
- De'ath G. 1999. *New statistical methods for modelling species-environment relationships.* PhD Thesis, Department of Tropical Environment Studies and Geography, James Cook University, 150 pp.
- De'ath G. 1999. Principal Curves: A new technique for indirect and direct gradient analysis. *Ecology* 80: 2237-2253.
- Ludescher C. 1996. Perceived meanings of Ecologically Sustainable Development within the CRC Reef Research Centre. CRC Reef Research Centre, Technical Report No. 8. CRC Reef Research Centre, Townsville, 67 pp.
- Marsh H, Eros CM. 1999. Ethics of field research: do journals set the standard? *Science and Engineering Ethics* 5: 375-382.
- Marshall PA. 1998. Research policy, practice and ethics guidelines: the postgraduate student perspective. *Journal of Environmental Management* 5: 60-62.

Abbreviations

AIMS - Australian Institute of Marine Science

CRC - Cooperative Research Centre

CQU - Central Queensland University

DPI - Department of Primary Industries

GBR - Great Barrier Reef

GBRMP-Great Barrier Reef Marine Park

GBRMPA- Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority

GBRWHA – Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area

JCU – James Cook University

NOAA - National Oceanographic and Atmospheric Administration (USA)

QDPI - Queensland Department of Primary Industries

INDEX

A

Acanthaster planci, 8, 19, 20, 21, 22 algae, 24, 75, 77, 82, 86 anchors, 9, 62, 77 anthropogenic change, 75 aquaculture, 37 atlas of waves, 66

В

ballast water, 37, 42, 43 bareboating, 57 bathymetry, 65 benthic communities, 38, 79 biodiversity, 14, 24, 37, 39, 40, 75, 77, 94 bioinvasions, 40 biological oceanography, 7, 31 biological processes, 2, 75 bioregions, 75 bioremediation, 25, 28, 30, 35 budgets, 12, 23, 32

\mathbf{C}

cadmium, 25, 36 catchments, 23, 34, 48 chlorophyll, 27 circulation, 7, 67 climate change, 2, 15 climate variation, 17, 70 coastline, 64, 65 commercial fishing, 45, 47, 48 communicating marine science, 96 connectivity, 66, 75, 76, 92 contaminants, 26 coral bleaching, 2, 15 coral damage, 61 coral growth, 27, 33, 65, 85 coral mortality, 16 coral recruits, 24, 75 coral reef growth, 74 coral skeletons, 24, 78, 79 coral transplantation, 76 coral trout, 10, 11, 50, 51, 91, 92 coral viewing platforms, 62 corals, 7, 8, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 22, 24, 26, 31, 70, 75, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86 crowding, 57 crown-of-thorns starfish, 8, 14, 19, 20, 21, 22, 75 crustose coralline algae, 75 cultural and natural values, 93

cyclone wave atlas, 54 cyclones, 65, 66, 73

D

day trips, 61 decision support, 39, 93, 94, 95 degradation, 24, 25, 27, 28, 33, 34 dieldrin, 25, 26 dioxin, 26 dispersants, 25, 27, 28 dispersed oil, 30, 31 distribution, 66, 72, 73, 75, 76, 77, 81, 82, 86.91.92 diuron, 26, 33 dolphins, 38, 39 downstream, 27, 29, 31, 35, 44 dugong, 26, 33, 34, 37, 38, 40, 41, 43, 87 Dugong dugon, 26, 33, 34, 40 dwarf minke whales, 54 dynamics of fishing fleets, 45, 46

E

ecologically sustainable development, 1, 55
ecology, 10, 12, 54, 75, 83
economic benefit, 93
ecotourism, 10, 53
effects of line fishing, 11, 45, 47, 50
endangered species, 37
engineering design, 66
estuaries, 25, 44, 64, 66, 83
ethics, 96
eutrophication, 34

F

fertiliser, 25
fish, 7, 9, 10, 11, 24, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 62, 77, 79, 81, 82, 91, 92
fisheries and marine policy, 45
fisheries management, 87
fishing, 6, 10, 11, 13, 14, 45, 46, 47, 49, 51
flood discharge, 24
flood events, 24, 67

G

genetic connectivity, 76 geomorphology, 2, 64 gillnetting, 37 global warming, 15 gold mining, 25 groundwater, 12, 55, 62 groundwater discharge, 62

Н

herbicides, 26, 33 herbivores, 24, 86 human impacts, 77 hydrocarbons, 27, 28

I

injury, 82 inshore reef communities, 24 inter-reefal areas, 38 introduced marine species, 37 introduced species, 2, 37

L

land use, 23, 24 larval reef fish, 78 larval transport modelling, 68 lawns on islands, 56 light-traps, 81 limits of acceptable change, 95 live food fish, 46 local controls, 19 long-term monitoring, 16, 75 long-term monitoring program, 75 luminescence, 78, 79

M

macroalgae, 8, 24, 76, 90 mangrove, 7, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 35, 65 manta tow, 20, 88 manta tow surveys, 20 marine aquarium fish, 46 marine interpretation, 58 marine mammal, 38, 44 marine park management, 2, 93 marine protected areas, 75, 76, 94 marine snow. 31, 82 marine tourism industry, 19, 54 masked boobies, 42 mass-bleaching, 17 mercury, 7, 25, 36 misima island, 27 monitoring, 2, 10, 20, 27, 29, 75, 77, 78, 79, 85, 87, 89, 90, 91 mooring, 12, 54, 62, 64 mooring systems, 54

N

nitrogen, 23, 32, 56 numerical modelling, 56 nutrients, 7, 8, 23, 24, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 55, 66, 75, 76, 90

0

ocean conditions, 64 oceanography, 2, 14, 64, 79, 82, 92 octocoral, 24, 75 offshore structures, 54 oil, 7, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 95 oil spills, 25 outbreaks, 8, 19, 20, 21 overfishing, 25 ozone, 42, 43

P

performance indicators, 94 pesticide residues, 7, 25, 28 pesticides, 25, 26 pests, 37 phosphate, 72 phosphorus, 23 physical damage, 77 physical oceanography, 21 physical processes, 2, 64 phytoplankton, 23, 82 Plectropomus leopardus, 11, 13, 47, 48, 50, 51, pollutants, 26, 33, 64 pollution, 14, 23, 36 pontoon, 54, 56 pontoon guidelines, 54 population dynamics, 13, 19, 22, 46, 66, 83 Porites, 17, 27, 79, 85, 86 ports, 42, 57, 68, 71, 73, 78, 83, 87, 89, 90 public perceptions, 54, 56

R

recovery, 19, 21, 22, 24, 30, 43, 77, 78 recreational use, 54 red throat emperor, 91, 92 reef formation, 65 reef growth, 81, 92 reef line fishery, 10, 46, 47, 50 reef travel. 53 reef visitors, 9, 53 reforestation, 30 rehabilitation, 34, 76 representative areas program, 38, 54, 93 resort islands, 62 risk analysis, 93 river catchment, 84 river plumes, 24, 29, 35, 64 rivers, 23, 31, 65, 74 run-off, 23

S salt marsh, 25, 30 sampling design, 29, 84, 89 sargassum, 36, 76, 84, 86, 90 satellite, 18, 67 science for management, 94 scuba divers, 54, 61 sea fans, 75 sea levels, 65 seabirds, 9, 11, 37, 40 seagrass, 8, 26, 34, 37, 38, 43, 79, 80, 83, 84, 85, 87, 89, 90, 91, 93 seagrass watch, 38 seaweeds, 84 sediment, 7, 8, 12, 23, 24, 26, 31, 32, 34, 35, 36, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 71, 72, 73 sediment resuspension, 24 sediment transport, 66 shipping, 12, 93, 95 shipping routes, 93 snorkeling, 57, 60 social assessment, 48 social impact assessment, 9, 55, 94 social impacts, 45 socio-economic evaluation, 45 socioeconomics, 93 soft corals, 16, 24, 75 spawning aggregations, 50, 51 spear fishers, 46 status, 23, 24, 31, 39, 40, 41, 45, 54, 75, 77, 84, 88, 91, 92, 95 storms, 77 sugar cane, 25, 29 surveys, 8, 11, 19, 20, 21, 24, 30, 37, 38, 48, 52, 54, 75, 76, 77, 82, 83, 87, 88, 89 suspended sediment, 34 sustainable fishing, 2, 45 sustainable tourism, 2, 53

T

temperature changes, 15

temperature thresholds, 15 terrigenous input, 69 thermal adaptation, 15 thermal limits, 16 three-dimensional models, 66 tidal currents, 65, 73 tourism, 48 town resource cluster analysis, 47 trace materials, 79 trophic balance, 24 turbidity, 24, 27, 40, 64 turtles, 11, 37

U

ultraviolet irradiation, 42 underwater photographers, 61

\mathbf{V}

video benthos transects, 78 video transects, 20 visitor perceptions, 61 visitor profiles, 53 visitor satisfaction, 53 visual counts, 79

W

wastewater, 62
water quality, 6, 12, 14, 23, 24, 27, 29, 31, 33, 34, 86
wave, 54, 66, 68
wetlands, 23, 25, 27, 38, 39, 44, 84
whale sharks, 56, 93
wilderness, 61
wildlife, 54, 59
world heritage, 3, 6, 17, 21, 23, 32, 34, 40, 41, 48, 54, 59, 67, 79, 80, 81, 85, 86, 88, 91, 95, 97

Z

zooxanthellae, 12, 18, 88